

DOCUMENT RESUME

ED 107 960

CE 004 173

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 TITLE An Analysis of the Drafting Occupation.
 INSTITUTION Ohio State Dept. of Education, Columbus. Div. of Vocational Education.; Ohio State Univ., Columbus. Trade and Industrial Education Instructional Materials Lab.

SPONS AGENCY Office of Education (DHEW), Washington, D.C.
 PUB DATE [75]
 NOTE 144p.; For related documents, see CE 004 160-172, CE 004 174-206, CE 004 263-268, and CE 004 425-427

EDRS PRICE MF-\$0.76 HC-\$6.97 PLUS POSTAGE
 DESCRIPTORS Communication Skills; *Drafting; Draftsmen; *Job Analysis; Knowledge Level; *Occupational Information; Safety; Skill Analysis; Skill Development; Skilled Occupations; *Task Analysis; Task Performance; Technical Occupations; Work Attitudes

ABSTRACT

The general purpose of the occupational analysis is to provide workable, basic information dealing with the many and varied duties performed in the drafting occupation. The document opens with a brief introduction followed by a job description. The bulk of the document is presented in table form. Twelve duties are broken down into a number of tasks and for each task a two-page table is presented, showing on the first page: tools, equipment, materials, objects acted upon; performance knowledge (related also to decisions, cues and errors); safety--hazard; and on the second page: science; math--number systems; and communications (performance modes, examples, and skills and concepts). The duties include: reproduction of drawings; maintaining and caring for tools and equipment; sketching objects; writing material list; drawing block diagrams, schematics, fasteners, details, and assemblies; laying out objects; checking drawings; and coordinating the drafting department. (BP)

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Occupational Analysis
CIC 173

DRAFTING

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AN ANALYSIS OF THE DRAFTING OCCUPATION

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Occupational Analysis
E.P.D.A. Sub Project 73402
June 1, 1973 to December, 30, 1974
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**"The activity which is the subject
of this report was supported in
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FOREWORD

The occupational analysis project was conducted by The Instructional Materials Laboratory, Trade and Industrial Education, The Ohio State University in conjunction with the State Department of Education, Division of Vocational Education pursuant to a grant from the U.S. Office of Education.

The Occupational Analysis project was proposed and conducted to train vocational educators in the techniques of making a comprehensive occupational analysis. Instructors were selected from Agriculture, Business, Distributive, Home Economics and Trade and Industrial Education to gain experience in developing analysis documents for sixty-one different occupations. Representatives from Business, Industry, Medicine, and Education were involved with the vocational instructors in conducting the analysis process.

The project was conducted in three phases. Phase one involved the planning and development of the project strategies. The analysis process was based on sound principles of learning and behavior. Phase two was the identification, selection and orientation of all participants. The training and workshop sessions constituted the third phase. Two-week workshops were held during which teams of vocational instructors conducted an analysis of the occupations in which they had employment experience. The instructors were assisted by both occupational consultants and subject matter specialists.

The project resulted in producing one hundred two trained vocational instructors capable of conducting and assisting in a comprehensive analysis of various occupations. Occupational analysis data were generated for sixty-one occupations. The analysis included a statement of the various tasks performed in each occupation. For each task the following items were identified: tools and equipment; procedural knowledge; safety knowledge; concepts and skills of mathematics, science and communication needed for successful performance in the occupation. The analysis data provided a basis for generating instructional materials, course outlines, student performance objectives, criterion measures as well as identifying specific supporting skills and knowledge in the academic subject areas.

PREFACE

It is felt that any instructor in drafting can use this analysis as a guide in writing a course curriculum regardless of the level of instruction. It has been elected to analyze the trade by dividing it into units of employment rather than trade specialties. These units are titled "Duty Statements." The levels of work that could take place within the duties are titled "Task Statements."

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

We wish to acknowledge the valuable assistance rendered by the following subject matter specialists. They provided input to the vocational instructors in identifying related skills and concepts of each respective subject matter area and served as training assistants in the analysis process during the two-week workshops.

Rollin M. Barber, Psychology
The Ohio State University
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Acknowledgment is extended to the following I.M.L. staff members for their role in conducting the workshops; editing, revising, proofing and typing the analyses.

Faith Justice	Research Associate
Sheila Nelson	Administrative Assistant
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JOB DESCRIPTION

A draftsman must interpret the ideas of the engineer and present them to the manufacturer or shop in the form of clear, complete and accurate working plans or detailed drawings. Making finished designs from sketches and changing existing drawings may also be in the scope of the draftsman's duties.

To perform these duties a draftsman must have excellent lettering and linework skills, be able to visualize and project the various views of an object, and have a working knowledge of manufacturing processes, engineering practices, mathematics, materials of industry, and other physical sciences which would enable him/her to complete drawings per the standards of the company in which he/she is employed

Duty A Reproduce Drawings

- 1 Trace drawings
- 2 Select reproduction method
- 3 Operate reproduction machines
- 4 Trim and bind prints
- 5 Control distribution

(TASK STATEMENT) TRACK DRAWINGS

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD
<p>Drafting table, drawing boards and surface, chair (posture type), light table, T-square, parallel straight edge, triangles (30°, 60° and 45°), adjustable triangles, scales, protractor, curves, drafting templates (various), drafting machines, erasing shield, erasers, pencils, pencil sharpeners, compass (bow and beam), dividers, pens, inks, erasing powder, pounce, cleaning cloth, tape, drawing paper or poster board, tracing paper, vellum, tracing linen, tracing film, scratch pad, scissors, hole punch, dusting brush, paper cutter, leroy set, wrico set, varityper, lettering guide, standards hooks</p>	<p>Inking Sharpening pencils Mounting paper Use tools and equipment Clean tracings</p> <p><u>KNOWLEDGE</u></p> <p>How to use types of straight edges Lead weights Pen sizes Eraser tyres How to sharpen pencils and lead How to clean pens Keep drawing clean</p>	<p>No heavy objects including elbows on light table Paper cutter Lead holder-check threads Equipment points and edges All electrical equipment grounded Adequate foot candles (20 minimum) Lighting</p> <p>Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work</p>
	<p><u>CUES</u></p> <p>Know reproduction method and number of copies to be made from tracing Be aware of possible errors in master drawing</p>	<p><u>ERRORS</u></p> <p>Inadequate number or poor quality of reproductions Errors in manufacturing or job performance</p>
	<p><u>DECISIONS</u></p> <p>Determine proper material to trace on and best method to use on this material Determine if drawing is correct and ready to reproduce</p>	

(TASK STATEMENT) TRACE DRAWINGS

SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS	
<p>Differences in absorption and radiation of energy between dark rough surfaces and light, smooth, polished surfaces</p> <p>Physical properties of lead</p> <p>Composition of matter, including protons, neutrons, electrons, atoms, molecules, elements</p> <p>Effects of friction on work processes and product quality</p>	<p>Measures of length Measure of time and speed (Example: time=seconds, minutes, etc.; speed=feet per minute, R.P.M., etc.)</p> <p>Ratio and proportion</p> <p>Locate by approximation rational numbers and integers on the number line (sequential ordering)</p> <p>Parallel lines</p> <p>Perpendicular lines</p> <p>Angular lines</p> <p>Discrimination between triangle, 42.6° and 45°</p>	
PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
Reading	<p>Read work orders and requests</p> <p>Equipment instruction sheets</p> <p>Printed material on paper packages</p>	<p>Comprehension</p> <p>Trade and general vocabulary</p>

(TASK STATEMENT) SELECT REPRODUCTION METHOD

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD
Calculator Adding machine Slide rule Pencils Scratch pad Erasers Pencil sharpener	<u>KNOWLEDGE</u> Operate calculating equipment Reproduction machines on hand Reproduction paper sizes and types Reproduction method cost and time Advantages and disadvantages of various types	<u>SAFETY - HAZARD</u> Adequate foot candles (minimum 20) lighting All electrical equipment grounded Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work
		<u>ERRORS</u> High reproduction cost and excessive time spent in reproduction
	<u>DECISIONS</u> Determine type of reproduction to use as far as machine type	<u>CUES</u> Evaluate the use, cost and time of reproduction Double check all calculations for accuracy

ASK STATEMENT) SELECT REPRODUCTION METHOD

<u>SCIENCE</u>	<u>MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS</u>
<p>Differences in absorption and radiation of energy between dark rough surfaces and light, smooth, polished surfaces</p> <p>Composition of matter, including protons, neutrons, electrons, atoms, molecules, elements</p> <p>Simple machines used to gain mechanical advantage</p> <p>Effects of friction on work processes and product quality</p>	<p>Monetary systems</p> <p>Addition and subtraction of whole numbers</p> <p>Multiplication and division with whole numbers</p> <p>Addition and subtraction of proper and improper fractions</p> <p>Multiplication and division of proper and improper fractions</p> <p>Addition and subtraction of decimal fractions</p> <p>Multiplication and division of decimal fractions</p> <p>Measures of length</p> <p>Measure of time and speed (Example: time=seconds, minutes, etc.; speed=feet per minute, R.P.M., etc.)</p>
	<p><u>COMMUNICATIONS</u></p>
<p><u>PERFORMANCE MODES</u></p> <p>Reading</p>	<p><u>EXAMPLES</u></p> <p>Read trade manuals and instruction sheets on paper speeds, cost of reproduction and equipment</p> <p><u>SKILLS/CONCEPTS</u></p> <p>Comprehension</p> <p>Trade and general terminology</p>

(TASK STATEMENT) OPERATE REPRODUCTION MACHINES

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD
Paper cutter Scissors Mericode Microfilm™ Camera White printer Xerox Thermofax Duplicator Blueprinter Developer Reproduction paper Pencils Scratch pad Various reference books	<p>Place developer in machine Set machine controls Operate reproduction machine Evaluate reproduction results</p> <p>KNOWLEDGE</p> <p>Type of developer to use Reproduction speed of the paper Control setting per masters media Developing speed control Be able to identify a quality reproduction</p>	<p>Ammonia fumes-white printer Chemicals under pressure in machine Hands in revolving machines Hazard of chemicals Electrical hazards and proper grounding No loose clothing Safety switch</p> <p>Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work</p>
	<p><u>DECISIONS</u></p> <p>Determine if the quality of print is proper</p>	<p><u>CUES</u></p> <p>Green lines indicate lack of developing time Background indicates lack of developing time Uneven print clarity indicates possible off level developer tank, weak ammonia or insufficient warm-up</p> <p><u>ERRORS</u></p> <p>Mistakes made in manufacturing due to the inability to read the print</p>

TASK STATEMENT) OPERATE REPRODUCTION MACHINE

<u>SCIENCE</u>	<u>MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS</u>
<p>Simple machines used to gain mechanical advantage Work input, work output, friction and efficiency in simple machines Differences in absorption and radiation of energy between dark rough surfaces and light, smooth, polished surfaces Inverse square law for light $E=1/D^2$</p>	<p>Addition and subtraction of whole numbers Multiplication and division with whole numbers Addition and subtraction of proper and improper fractions Multiplication and division of proper and improper fractions Measures of length Measure of time and speed (Example: time-seconds, minutes, etc.; speed-feet per minute, R.P.M., etc.) Liquid and dry measures Ratio and proportion Measure with the Metric and English system and convert between them</p>
<u>COMMUNICATIONS</u>	<u>SKILLS/CONCEPTS</u>
<u>PERFORMANCE MODES</u>	<p><u>EXAMPLES</u></p> <p>Read operation manuals and instruction manuals</p> <p>Comprehension Trade and general vocabulary</p>

(TASK STATEMENT) TRIM AND BIND PRINTS

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS,
OBJECTS ACTED UPON

Scales, pencils, scissors, hole punch, paper cutter, stapler, staples, brass clips, prestings (paper fastners), stick files, T-square, parallel straight edge, surried reinforcements, standards hooks, staple remover

PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE

Trim sheet to proper size
Trim machines
Bind prints in proper sequence
Fold prints
Place on stick file
Take cover sheet

KNOWLEDGE:
Proper sheet sizes
Allow for binding edge
Sequence of the set of prints
How prints are to be stored

SAFETY - HAZARD

Paper cutter
Equipment points and blades
Adequate foot candles lighting
(20 foot candles minimum)
Ground electrical machines
Safety switch
Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work

DECISIONS

Select proper storage

Space allowed for print storage
Area prints are to be used
Size, usage, frequency of use, and material durability

CUES

Short life span of print and inability to be used as required

ERRORS

(TASK STATEMENT) TRIM AND BIND PRINTS

SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS	COMMUNICATIONS	
Simple machines used to gain mechanical advantage Work input, work output, friction and efficiency in simple machines	Addition and subtraction of whole numbers Multiplication and division with whole numbers Addition and subtraction of proper and improper fractions Multiplication and division of proper and improper fractions Measures of length Locate by approximation rational numbers and integers on the number line (sequential ordering)		
<u>PERFORMANCE MODES</u>	<u>EXAMPLES</u>	<u>SKILLS/CONCEPTS</u>	
Reading	Instruction manuals	Comprehension	

(TASK STATEMENT) CONTROL DISTRIBUTION

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS,
OBJECTS ACTED UPON

Calculator
 Adding machine
 Stick files
 Flat files
 Catalog files
 Card files
 Pencils
 Memorandum sheets
 Request forms
 Pens
 Vault files
 Standards books
 Listing files

PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE

Operate calculating equipment
 Store print
 Store master
 Distribute prints
 Keep records of distribution
 KNOWLEDGE
 Mailing procedure
 Routing sequence
 Types of print storage available
 Request procedure

SAFETY - HAZARD

Adequate foot candles for lighting
 (20 foot candles minimum)
 Electrical equipment grounded
 Safety awareness is important because
 a draftsman is often required to
 work in shops or on job sites
 where numerous safety hazards exist
 during any phase of his/her work

DECISIONS

Determine who receives the prints
 Determine how many copies are re-
 quired and the usage of the prints
 distributed

CUES

Know status of master and prints
 (vintage or issue)
 Read memos for up-to-date additions
 to distribution list
 Neat clean area and records

ERRORS

Additional cost due to redistribu-
 tion of additional prints
 Lost time and general job
 Slow down due to lack of information
 to manufacturing areas

(TASK STATEMENT) CONTROL DISTRIBUTION

SCIENCE	MATH – NUMBER SYSTEMS	COMMUNICATIONS	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
	<p>Addition and subtraction of whole numbers Multiplication and division with whole numbers Locate by approximation rational numbers and integers on the number line (sequential ordering)</p>	<p><u>EXAMPLES</u></p> <p>Read memos such as work request forms, updated distribution list and formulate accurate records for distribution</p>	<p><u>PERFORMANCE MODES</u></p> <p>Reading</p> <p>Memo format Business letter format Public speaking Poise Enunciation Telephone communication Comprehension Trade and general vocabulary A.V. training</p>

Duty B Maintaining and Caring for Tools and Equipment

- 1 Properly store materials and supplies
- 2 Perform preventative maintenance on tools and equipment
- 3 Install and adjust tools and equipment

(TASK STATEMENT) PROPERLY STORE MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS,
 OBJECTS ACTED UPON

Stick files
 Flat files
 Catalog files
 Card files
 Reproductions
 Listing file
 Book cases
 Storage cabinets
 Vault files
 Request forms
 Various reference books

PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE

Inform supervisor of low inventory
 Keep accurate records of supply use
 Keep running inventory of equipment
 Report wasteful use of supplies
 and equipment
 KNOWLEDGE
 Storage requirements of material
 [Print paper]
 Required storage space
 Demand for inventory

SAFETY - HAZARD

Adequate foot candles for lighting
 (20 foot candles minimum)
 Proper lifting and moving procedures
 No obstructions on the floor
 Grounded electrical equipment
 Avoid overloading of storage
 facilities
 Store all solvents in locked metal
 cabinets
 Safety awareness is important
 because a draftsman is often
 required to work in shops or on job
 sites where numerous safety
 hazards exist during any phase of
 his/her work

DECISIONS

Determine best way to store supplies
 for safe, efficient use

CUES

Eye level and weight control in
 vertically storing supplies
 PSI of shelving
 Secure all storage areas
 Keep neat, clean storage areas

ERRORS

Lifting injuries
 Lost time due to poor storage area

(TASK STATEMENT) PROPERLY STORE MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES

<u>SCIENCE</u>	<u>MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS</u>	<u>COMMUNICATIONS</u>
<p>Simple machines used to gain mechanical advantages Work input, work output, friction and efficiency in simple machines Differences in absorption and radiation of energy between dark rough surfaces and light, smooth, polished surfaces Composition of matter, including protons, neutrons, electrons, atoms, molecules, elements [Light breakdown on reproduction paper] Transfer of heat from one body to another</p>	<p>Locate by approximation rational numbers and integers on the number line (sequential ordering) Measures of length Knowledge of capacity (volume) estimation Determination of area and volume of rectangular, cube and right triangular prisms</p>	<p>Safety information Storage instruction material</p>
<u>PERFORMANCE MODES</u>	<u>EXAMPLES</u>	<u>SKILLS/CONCEPTS</u>
Reading		<p>Comprehension Trade and general vocabulary</p>

(TASK STATEMENT) PERFORM PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE ON TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT

<u>TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON</u>	<u>PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE</u>	<u>SAFETY - HAZARD</u>
Ultrasonic cleaner Ink cleaning solvent Industrial cleaner Lubricant Dusting brush Cleaning cloth Pen brush Various reference books	Clean desk daily Clean tools and equipment as needed Lubricate equipment when needed Properly store tools and equipment not in use Use tools and equipment in the recommended way KNOWLEDGE Proper cleaning procedures Proper cleaning tools and solvents Proper lubricants Proper storage Proper usage How to use ultrasonic pen cleaner	Lubricants and solvents splashing in eyes Adequate foot candles for lighting (20 foot candles minimum) Grounded electrical equipment Equipment points and edges Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work
		DECISIONS Determine if the equipment is in working order CUES Watch for: Nicks on drawing surfaces Inclines on pen tips Blunt pencil and compass lead Ink thickening or thinning Worn cables on parallel bar Wet eraser Lead breaking in pencil sharpener

(TASK STATEMENT) PERFORM PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE ON TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT

<u>SCIENCE</u>	<u>MATH – NUMBER SYSTEMS</u>	<u>COMMUNICATIONS</u>	
<p>Simple machines used to gain mechanical advantage Work input, work output, friction and efficiency in simple machines Composition of matter, including protons, neutrons, electrons, atoms, molecules, elements Effects of friction on work processes and product quality Properties of lubricants Developing fluids (properties)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">26</p>	<p>Addition and subtraction of whole numbers Multiplication and division with whole numbers</p>		
<u>PERFORMANCE MODES</u>	<u>EXAMPLES</u>	<u>SKILLS/CONCEPTS</u>	
Reading	Read instructions on the proper condition of equipment	Comprehension Trade and general vocabulary	<p style="text-align: right;">17</p> <p style="text-align: right;">26</p>

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD
Allen wrenches Screwdrivers Hammer Pliers Socket set Utility knife Combination wrenches Triangles (30°-60° and 45°) Tape Various reference books	Install and adjust drafting machine Place cord and adjust parallel bar Install drawing board covers Adjust posture chairs KNOWLEDGE Tension adjustments on drafting machine and parallel bar How to string parallel bar How to install board covers How to adjust posture chairs and proper posture position How to square blades on drafting machine (triangle method)	Adequate foot candles for lighting (20 foot-candles minimum) Proper use of adjusting tools* Be aware of sprung loaded equipment Be aware of factory edges and burrs Lubricants and solvents splashing in eyes Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase or his/her work
		ERRORS Improper set up, resulting in a poor quality job Lost time in doing the job
	CUES Use proper tools for installing and adjusting equipment Refer to manuals prior to installing or adjusting any drafting equipment	DECISIONS Select tools needed for installation and adjustment

(TASK STATEMENT) INSTALL AND ADJUST TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT

SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS
Simple machines used to gain mechanical advantage Work input, work output, friction and efficiency in simple machines Composition of matter, including protons, neutrons, electrons, atoms, molecules, elements Effects of friction on work processes and product quality	Given a coding system, recognize and identify each unit involved by assigning necessary symbols, numerical or literal [Knowledge of degrees]
COMMUNICATIONS	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES
Reading	Read installation manuals and instruction sheets on adjustment of equipment Comprehension Trade and general vocabulary

Duty C Sketching Objects

- 1 Select scale and sketch size
- 2 Determine media to use
- 3 Select type of sketch
- 4 Dimension and draw sketch
- 5 Select sketching materials

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(TASK STATEMENT)

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	SELECT SCALE AND SKETCH SIZE	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD
Scales Dividers Compass (bow and beam) Pencils Pencil sharpener Calculator Adding machine Slide rule Scratch pad Standards books Erasers	Operate calculating equipment Check standards book With dividers, scale and compass size object to be sketched KNOWLEDGE Drawing sheet sizes Various scales Needed proportion of object size to be sketched	Adequate foot candles for lighting (20 foot candles minimum) Be aware of equipment points and edges Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work	
			<u>ERRORS</u>
		<u>CUES</u>	Lost time in reading a print that could be presented in a better manner
		<u>DECISIONS</u>	Determine scale and sketch size [Isometric, orthographic, etc.]

(TASK STATEMENT) SELECT SCALE, AND SKETCH SITE

SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS	COMMUNICATIONS	
	<p>Addition and subtraction of whole numbers Multiplication and division with whole numbers Addition and subtraction of proper and improper fractions Multiplication and division of proper and improper fractions Changing mixed numbers to improper fractions Addition and subtraction of decimal fractions Measures of length Ratio and proportion Measure with the Metric and English system and convert between them</p>		
PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS	
	<p>Trade instruction material on types of drawing presentation Reading</p>	<p>Trade vocabulary Comprehension</p>	

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	DETERMINE MEDIA TO USE	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD
Pencils Pens Charcoals Paste's Paper stump Arttype Inks Erasing powder Erasing shield Erasers Pounce Cleaning cloth Dusting brush Standards books Calculator Adding machine Slide rule Leroy set Wrico set Varietyper		<p>Check standards books Properly use calculating equipment Check DRG use Check reproduction method</p> <p><u>KNOWLEDGE</u></p> <p>Pencil lead weights Pen types and tips Sheet sizes Drafting materials Lettering method capacities Optional lettering devices</p>	<p>Adequate foot candles for lighting (20 foot candles minimum) Be aware of equipment points and edges</p> <p>Ground all electrical equipment</p> <p>Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work</p>
		<u>CUES</u>	<p>Poor reproductions Cost in producing Time lost in producing the drawings</p>
		<u>DECISIONS</u>	<p>Select type of media to use</p> <p>Select a media that allows the DRG to perform its function without sacrificing drawing time or factory costs</p> <p>Desired effect Examples: Ink or pencil, vellum or mylar</p>

(TASK STATEMENT) DETERMINE MEDIA TO USE

SCIENCE	MATH – NUMBER SYSTEMS	COMMUNICATIONS	
Differences in absorption and radiation of energy between dark rough surfaces and light, smooth, polished surfaces Composition of matter, including protons, neutrons, electrons, atoms, molecules, elements Simple machines used to gain mechanical advantage Effects of friction on work processes and product quality	Locate by approximation rational numbers and integers on the number line (sequential ordering)		
PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS	
Reading	Trade instruction material	Trade vocabulary Comprehension	25 24

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY -- HAZARD
Pencils Scratch pad Standards books Erasers Pencil sharpener	<p>Choose best method to illustrate object</p> <p>Check standards book</p> <p>KNOWLEDGE</p> <p>Various methods of depicting objects</p> <p>The caliber of training level of people using sketch</p> <p>Various types of sketches</p>	<p>Adequate foot candles for lighting (20 foot candles minimum)</p> <p>Be aware of equipment points and edges</p> <p>Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work</p>
		<p><u>DECISIONS</u></p> <p>Sketch should thoroughly explain problem in the most simplified method</p> <p><u>CUES</u></p> <p>Loss of time in reading and possible errors in work</p> <p><u>ERRORS</u></p>

(TASK STATEMENT) SELECT TYPE OF SKETCH

SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS	Knowledge of geometric shapes: circles, rectangles, squares, hexagons and quadrilaterals	
COMMUNICATIONS	<u>EXAMPLES</u>	<u>SKILLS/CONCEPTS</u>	Trade vocabulary Comprehension

PERFORMANCE MODES

MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS

SCIENCE

PERFORMANCE MODES

EXAMPLES

SKILLS/CONCEPTS

Reading

Reading trade instructional material

Trade vocabulary
Comprehension

(TASK STATEMENT) DIMENSION AND DRAW SKETCH

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD.
T-square, parallel straight edge, triangles (30o-60o and 45o), adjustable triangles, erasing shield, erasers, pencils, pencil sharpeners, pens, inks, erasing powder, pounce, cleaning cloth, tape, dusting brush, scales, drafting templates (various), drafting machines, artype, calculator, adding machine, slide rule, catalog card, card files, listing files, memorandum sheets, drafting table, drawing board and surface, chair (posture type), light table, curves, dividers, leroy set, wrico set, varityper, lettering guide, various reference books, standards books, compass (bow and beam)	<p>Center the sketch Place construction lines Draw border lines and marginal information blocks Darken and shade sketch Add dimensions and marginal information</p> <p>Clean sketch Submit to checker</p> <p>KNOWLEDGE</p> <p>How to determine the need of additional view Methods of dimensioning Dimensioning systems Methods of indicating Line work applied to dimensioning Location and wording of marginal information</p> <p>Lead weights and pen sizes How to sketch ortho-pictorial views</p>	<p>Adequate foot candles of lighting (20 foot candles minimum) Be aware of equipment points and degrees</p> <p>Electric eraser Properly ground all electrical equipment</p> <p>Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work</p>
<u>DECISIONS</u>	<u>CUES</u>	<p>Loss time in interpreting the sketch Possible errors in job</p>

(TASK STATEMENT) DIMENSION AND DRAW SKETCH

SCIENCE	MATH – NUMBER SYSTEMS
<p>Composition of matter, including protons, neutrons, electrons, atoms, molecules, elements Differences in absorption and radiation of energy between dark rough surfaces and light, smooth, polished surfaces Simple machines used to gain mechanical advantage Effects of friction on work processes and product quality</p>	<p>Addition and subtraction of whole numbers Multiplication and division with whole numbers Addition and subtraction of proper and improper fractions Multiplication and division of proper and improper fractions Changing mixed numbers to improper fractions Addition and subtraction of decimal fractions Measures of length Precision and accuracy Given an instrument of measure, determine precision, and/or accuracy with respect to relative error, tolerance, and significant digits (Measuring other than linear, square, and cubic) Ratio and proportion Multiplication and division of decimal fractions</p>
	<p>COMMUNICATIONS</p>
<p>PERFORMANCE MODES</p>	<p>EXAMPLES</p> <p>Writing manufacturing and engineering notes Writing flagged information on dimension leader lines Reading dimensional rules and trade instruction sheets</p> <p>SKILLS/CONCEPTS</p> <p>Trade vocabulary Abstracts Comprehension Footnoting</p>

(TASK STATEMENT) SELECT SKETCHING MATERIALS

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS,
OBJECTS ACTED UPON

Scratch pad
 Drawing paper or poster board
 Tracing paper
 Vellum
 Tracing linen
 Tracing film
 Scissors
 Pencils
 Pencil sharpener
 Frasers
 Standards books
 Hole punch

PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE

Note sketch requirements
 Select sketch material
 Check standards books
KNOWLEDGE
 Qualities of sketching paper and
 poster board
 If reproduction is needed
 Use of sketch
 Where used

SAFETY - HAZARD

Adequate foot candle for lighting
 (20 foot candles minimum)
 Be aware of equipment points and
 edges
 Safety awareness is important
 because a draftsman is often
 required to work in shops or on
 job sites where numerous safety
 hazards exist during any phase
 of his/her work

DECISIONS

Decide on sketching material to use

CUES

Select a material that functionally
 accomplishes its purpose without
 exceeding minimum cost and time

ERRORS

Added time and cost to company

(TASK STATEMENT) SELECT SKETCHING MATERIALS

SCIENCE

Differences in absorption and radiation of energy between dark rough surfaces and light, smooth, polished surfaces
 Composition of matter, including protons, neutrons, electrons, atoms, molecules, elements
 Simple machines used to gain mechanical advantage
 Effects of friction on work processes and product quality

MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS

Addition and subtraction of whole numbers
 Multiplication and division with whole numbers
 Addition and subtraction of proper and improper fractions
 Multiplication and division of proper and improper fractions
 Addition and subtraction of decimal fractions
 Multiplication and division of decimal fractions
 Measures of length
 Measures of weight
 Locate by approximation rational numbers and integers on the number line (sequential ordering)

COMMUNICATIONS

PERFORMANCE MODES

Reading

EXAMPLES

Work request or job orders and trade instruction material

SKILLS/CONCEPTS

Physical experimentation report
 (oral or informal)
 Trade vocabulary
 Comprehension

Duty D Writing Material List

- 1 Determine column headings
- 2 Place and draw material list
- 3 Organize and draw schedule information
- 4 Organize and draw keys and legends

40

(TASK STATEMENT)	DETERMINE COLUMN HEADINGS	SAFETY - HAZARD
TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	ERRORS
DECISIONS	CUES	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Pencils Scratch pad Pencil sharpener Erasers Calculator Adding machine Slide rule Standards books 	<p>Measure needed lettering in proportion to height</p> <p>Check standards books</p> <p>Operate calculating equipment</p> <p>Determine main titles and subheadings</p> <p>KNOWLEDGE</p> <p>Adequate column size</p> <p>Standard abbreviation terms</p> <p>Sheet size</p>	<p>Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work</p> <p>Adequate foot candle for lighting (20 foot candles minimum)</p> <p>Be aware of equipment points ^{rid} edges</p> <p>Ground all electrical equipment</p>
		<p>Misinterpretation of column's purpose or materials presented in the column</p>
	<p>Determine clear, understandable short headings</p>	<p>Make sure all column headings are provided for needed information</p> <p>Put in sequential order</p> <p>Space for wording is available</p>

(TASK STATEMENT) DETERMINING COLUMN HEADINGS

SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS	COMMUNICATIONS	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
	Addition and subtraction of whole numbers Measures of length Multiplication and division with whole numbers		
Viewing Writing	Selecting comprehensive title headings Listing column materials in a logical order with proper spelling		Classification Spelling Trade terminology Readership level Abstracting Correct usage Clarity of expression Knowledge of denotative/connotative words

TASK STATEMENT PLACE AND DRAW MATERIAL LIST

<u>TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON</u>	<u>PLACE AND DRAW MATERIAL LIST</u>	<u>PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE</u>	<u>SAFETY – HAZARD</u>	<u>ERRORS</u>
Drafting table, drawing board and surface, chair (posture type), light table, T-square, parallel straight edge, triangles (30°-60° and 45°) adjustable triangles, scalars, drafting templates, drafting machines, erasing shield, pencils, pencil sharpener, dividers, pens, j-tks, erasing powder, pounce, cleaning cloth, tape, drawing paper and poster board, tracing paper, vellum, racing linen, tracing film, dusting brush, artype, calculator, adding machine, slide rule, lever set, wrico set, varityper, and lettering guide standards book	Place in available space on required drawing Select proper line interval Draw needed lines Letter column headings and marginal information Letter material list Clean drawing Submit to checker	Place in available space on required drawing Select proper line interval Draw needed lines Letter column headings and marginal information Information Adequate foot candle for lighting (20 foot candles minimum) Be aware of equipment points and edges Ground all electrical equipment Lubricants and solvents splashing in eyes Pounce and erasing powder in eyes	Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work	Wasted materials and drawings difficult to read

DECISIONS

- Select best location
Determine drawing space available

CUES

- Check for possible placement on assembly
When additional items may be required
space should be provided
Group like items

(TASK STATEMENT) PLACE AND DRAW MATERIAL LIST

SCIENCE	MATH – NUMBER SYSTEMS	COMMUNICATIONS	
	Ratio and proportion Determination of area, perimeter and diagonals of quadrilaterals (4 sided figures)		

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD	
<p>Drafting table, drawing boards and surface, chair (posture type), light table, T-square, parallel straight edge, triangles (30°-60° and 45°) adjustable triangles, scales, drafting templates (various), drafting machines, erasing shield, pencils, pencil sharpener, dividers, pens, inks, erasing powder, pounce, cleaning cloth, tape, drawing paper or poster board, tracing paper, vellum, tracing linen, tracing film, dusting brush, arttype, calculator, adding machine, slide rule, leroy set, wricc set, varityper, lettering guide, and standards books</p>	<p>Place in available space on required drawing Select proper line interval Draw needed lines Letter column headings and marginal information Letter schedule Clean drawing Submit to checker</p> <p><u>KNOWLEDGE</u></p> <p>Type of lettering Location and wording of column headings Lead weight and pen sizes Various alternate lettering methods Symbols</p>	<p>Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work</p> <p>Adequate foot candle for lighting (20 foot candles minimum)</p> <p>Be aware of equipment points and edges</p> <p>Ground all electrical equipment Lubricants and solvents splashing in eyes</p> <p>Pounce and erasing powder in eyes</p>	
	<p><u>CUES</u></p> <p>Locate schedule on or near sheet</p> <p>Schedule information is written for</p> <p>Provide space for additional items</p> <p>Group like items and symbols</p>	<p>Wasted time and materials</p> <p>Schedule placed in a location difficult to find or hard to read</p>	<p><u>DECISIONS</u></p> <p>Schedule placement</p> <p>Determine if schedules or schedule is actually needed or could be covered at the item location</p>

(TASK STATEMENT) ORGANIZE AND DRAW SCHEDULE INFORMATION

	SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS							
		<p>Addition and subtraction of whole numbers Multiplication and division with whole numbers Measure with the Metric and English system and convert between them [Electrical base unit] Determination of area, perimeter and diagonals of quadrilaterals (4 sided figures) Addition and subtraction of proper and improper fractions Multiplication and division of proper and improper fractions Addition and subtraction of decimal fractions Multiplication and division of decimal fractions</p>							
		<p>COMMUNICATIONS</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <th>PERFORMANCE MODES</th> <th>EXAMPLES</th> <th>SKILLS/CONCEPTS</th> </tr> <tr> <td>Reading</td> <td>Symbol sheets and logically determining representative symbols to use on drawing</td> <td> Classification Spelling Trade terminology Readership level Abstracting Correct usage Clarity of expression Knowledge of denotative/connotative words </td> </tr> </table>	PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS	Reading	Symbol sheets and logically determining representative symbols to use on drawing	Classification Spelling Trade terminology Readership level Abstracting Correct usage Clarity of expression Knowledge of denotative/connotative words	39
PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS							
Reading	Symbol sheets and logically determining representative symbols to use on drawing	Classification Spelling Trade terminology Readership level Abstracting Correct usage Clarity of expression Knowledge of denotative/connotative words							

(TASK STATEMENT) ORGANIZE AND DRAW KEYS AND LEGENDS

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD
<p>Drafting table, drawing board and surface, chair (posture type), light table, T-square, parallel straight edge, triangles (30°-60° and 45°) adjustable triangles, scales, drafting templates (various), drafting machines, erasing shield, pencils, pencil sharpeners, dividers, pens, inks, erasing powder, pounce, cleaning cloth, tape, drawing paper or poster board, tracing paper, vellum, tracing linen, tracing film, dusting brush, arttype, calculator, adding machine, slide rule, leroy set, wrico set, varityper, lettering guide, various reference books, standards books</p>	<p>Place in available space/on required drawing Select proper line interval Draw needed lines Letter column headings and marginal information Letter key Locate symbols Clean drawing Submit to checker</p> <p>KNOWLEDGE</p> <p>Lettering types Location and wording of column headings Lead weights and pen sizes Various alternate lettering methods Symbols</p>	<p>Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work Adequate foot candle for lighting (20 foot candles minimum) Be aware of equipment points and edges Ground all electrical equipment Lubricants and solvents splashing in eyes Pounce and erasing powder in eyes</p> <p>ERRORS</p> <p>Wasted time and materials Keys located in a location difficult to find or hard to read</p>
		<p>DECISIONS</p> <p>Determine key placement Determine if key is needed or can description be covered at item's location</p> <p>CUES</p> <p>Locate key on or near sheet that covers key's information Provide space for additional information Group like items and symbols</p>

(TASK STATEMENT) ORGANIZE AND DRAW KEYS AND LEGENDS

SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS
<p>Differences in absorption and radiation of energy between dark rough surfaces and light, smooth, polished surfaces</p> <p>Composition of matter, including protons, neutrons, electrons, atoms, molecules, elements</p> <p>Simple machines used to gain mechanical advantage</p> <p>Effects of friction on work processes and product quality</p>	<p>Given a coding system, recognize and identify each unit involved by assigning necessary symbols, numerical or literal [symbols]</p> <p>Locate by approximation rational numbers and integers on the number line (sequential ordering)</p> <p>Addition and subtraction of whole numbers</p> <p>Multiplication and division with whole numbers</p> <p>Measures of length</p>
COMMUNICATIONS	
<p>PERFORMANCE MODES</p> <p>Reading</p>	<p><u>EXAMPLES</u></p> <p>Simplifying information to a symbol form and classifying it in a usable manner</p> <p><u>SKILLS/CONCEPTS</u></p> <p>Clarity of expression Comprehension Trade terminology Classification Abstraction Spelling Editing and proofreading</p>

Duty E. Drawing Block Diagrams

- 1 Select scale and drawing size
- 2 Determine media to use
- 3 Draw and letter block and marginal information
- 4 Organize and draw keys and legends
- 5 Locate starting and completion point
- 6 Place direction of flow arrows

49

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(TASK STATEMENT)

SELECT SCALE AND DRAWING SIZE

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS,
OBJECTS ACTED UPON

Scales
Erasers
Pencils
Pencil sharpener
Compass (bow and beam)
Dividers
Scratch pad
Calculator
Adding machine
Standards books
Slide rule

Operate calculating equipment
Check standards books
With dividers scale and compass
determine size of object to be
drawn

KNOWLEDGE

Drawing sheet sizes
Various scales
Needed proportion of object size
to be sketched

PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE

Safety awareness is important
because a craftsman is often
required to work in shops or on
job sites where numerous safety
hazards exist during any phase
of his/her work

Adequate foot candle for lighting
(20 foot candles minimum)
Be aware of equipment points and
edges
Ground all electrical equipment

SAFETY - HAZARD

DECISIONS

Decide on best scale and drawing
size

CUES

The various ways to show the ob-
jectives of the block diagram [ver-
tical versus horizontal flow]

ERRORS

Print difficult to read and under-
stand

50	
SAFETY - HAZARD	Safety awareness is important because a craftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work Adequate foot candle for lighting (20 foot candles minimum) Be aware of equipment points and edges Ground all electrical equipment

(TASK STATEMENT) SELECT SCALE AND DRAWING SIZE

SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS	COMMUNICATIONS	PERFORMANCE MODES
	<p>Addition and subtraction of whole numbers Multiplication and division with whole numbers Addition and subtraction of proper and improper fractions Multiplication and division of proper and improper fractions Changing mixed numbers to improper fractions Addition and subtraction of decimal fractions Measures of length Ratio and proportion</p>		<p>Trade vocabulary Comprehension</p>
		<p>EXAMPLES</p>	<p>Reading Books and instructional material</p>

(TASK STATEMENT)

DETERMINE MEDIA TO USE

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TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD
Pencils Pens Drawing paper or poster boards Tracing paper Vellum Tracing linen Tracing film Art type Leroy set Urgo set Vari typer Standards books Calculator Adding machine Slide rule	Check standards books Properly use calculating equipment Check drawings use Check reproduction method KNOWLEDGE Pencil lead weights Pen types and sizes Sheet sizes Drafting material Lettering method capacities Optional lettering devices	Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work Adequate foot candle for lighting (20 foot candles minimum) Be aware of equipment points and edges Ground all electrical equipment
		ERRORS
	CUES	Short life span of master or quality less than needed for the job
	DECISIONS	Select a media that allows the drawing to perform its function without sacrificing drawing time or company cost

(TASK STATEMENT) DETERMINING MEDIA TO USE

SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS	COMMUNICATIONS	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
<p>Differences in absorption and radiation of energy between dark rough surfaces and light, smooth, polished surfaces</p> <p>Composition of matter, including protons, neutrons, electrons, atoms, molecules, elements</p> <p>Simple machines used to gain mechanical advantage</p> <p>Effects of friction on work processes and product quality</p>	<p>Locate by approximation rational numbers and integers on the number line (sequential ordering)</p>		<p>Trade vocabulary</p> <p>Comprehension</p>
<p>PERFORMANCE MODES</p> <p>Reading:</p>	<p>EXAMPLES</p> <p>Read work request or job orders and standards books</p>		<p>53</p>

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD
Drafting table, drawing board and surface, chair (posture type), T-square, parallel straight edge, triangles (30° - 60° and 45°), adjustable triangles, scales, drafting templates (various), drafting machines, erasing shield, erasers, pencils, pencil sharpener, dividers, pens, inks, erasing powder, pounce, cleaning cloth, tape, drawing paper or poster board, tracing paper, vellum, tracing linen, tracing film, scratch pad, dusting powder, art-type, leroy set, wrico set, varityper, lettering guide, standards books	<p>Mount material Center and organize block structure Light construction Darken in blocks and connecting lines Letter blocks and marginal information Clean drawings Submit to checker</p> <p>KNOWLEDGE</p> <p>Lettering types Location and wording of block headings Lead weights and pen sizes Various alternate lettering methods Symbols and abbreviations</p>	<p>Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work</p> <p>Adequate foot candles of lighting (20 foot candles minimum)</p> <p>Be aware of equipment points and edges</p> <p>Ground all electrical equipment Lubricants and solvents splashing in eyes</p> <p>Pounce and erasing powder in eyes</p>
		<p><u>CUES</u></p> <p>Cover by notes and keys all unstandard symbols Information needed in block The information is contained in the block so it is easy to read All needed reference information included in block</p> <p><u>DECISIONS</u></p> <p>Determine that columns are of appropriate size Determine if blocks should be in sequential order of importance or use Determine if all information is included in block</p>
		<p><u>ERRORS</u></p> <p>Incomplete or poorly organized block information Block information that is difficult to read or hard to understand</p>

(TASK STATEMENT) DATA AND INPUT BLOCK AND WORKSHEET INFORMATION

SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS	COMMUNICATIONS	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
<p>Differences in absorption and radiation of energy between dark rough surfaces and light, smooth, polished surfaces</p> <p>Composition of matter, including protons, neutrons, electrons, atoms, molecules, elements</p> <p>Simple machines used to gain mechanical advantage</p> <p>Effects of friction on work processes and product quality</p>	<p>Measures of length Ratio and proportion Locate by approximation rational numbers and integers on the number line (sequential ordering) Given a coding system, recognize and identify each unit involved by assigning necessary symbols, numerical or literal [Title block information]</p>		
PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES		
Writing Reading		Work request or job orders, key or symbol information	Conciseness Clarity of expression Spelling? Abstracting Fra's vocabulary Com. Version Classification Footnoting?

(TASK STATEMENT) ORGANIZE AND DRAW KEYS AND LEGENDS

**TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS,
OBJECTS ACTED UPON**

Drafting table, drawing board and surface, chair (posture type), light table, T-square, parallel straight edge, triangles (30°-60° and 45°) adjustable triangles, scales, drafting templates (various), drafting machines, erasing shield, erasers, pencils, pencil sharpener, dividers, pens, inks, erasing powder, pounce, cleaning cloth, tape, drawing paper or poster board, tracing paper, vellum, tracing linen, tracing film, dusting brush, scratch pad, arrype, leroy set, writing set, variotype, lettering guide, various reference books, standards books.

KNOWLEDGE

- Place on available space on required drawing?
- Select proper line interval
- Draw needed lines
- Letter column headings and marginal information
- Letter in keys and/or legend
- Locate and draw symbols
- Clean drawing
- Submit to checker

LETTERING

- Location and wording of column headings
- Lettering types
- Lead weights and pen sizes
- Various alternate lettering methods
- Symbols

SAFETY - HAZARD

- Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work
- Adequate foot candle for lighting (20 foot candles minimum)
- Be aware of equipment points and edges
- Ground all electrical equipment
- Lubricants and solvents splashing in eyes
- Pounce and erasing powder in eyes

DECISIONS

Determine best placement of key or legend, in location that is easy to find and provides space for expansion and grouping

CUES

Locate key on or near sheet that covers key information
Provide space for additional information
Group like items and information

ERRORS

Key or legends that are hard to find or may be missed
Information in keys or legends that are easily missed or overlooked

(TASK STATEMENT) ORGANIZE AND DRAW KEYS AND LEGENDS

SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS	COMMUNICATIONS
<p>Differences in absorption and radiation of energy between dark rough surfaces and light, smooth, polished surfaces</p> <p>Composition of matter, including protons, neutrons, electrons, atoms, molecules, elements</p> <p>Simple machines used to gain mechanical advantage</p> <p>Effects of friction on work processes and product quality</p>	<p>Given a coding system, recognize and identify each unit involved by assigning necessary symbols, numerical or literal</p> <p>Locate by approximation rational numbers and integers on the number line (sequential ordering)</p> <p>Addition and subtraction of whole numbers</p> <p>Multiplication and division with whole numbers</p> <p>Measures of length</p>	<p>Clarity of expression</p> <p>Comprehension</p> <p>Trade terminology</p> <p>Classification</p> <p>Abstracting</p> <p>Spelling</p> <p>Editing and proofreading</p>
PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
Reading	Standards, books, work request or job order.	

(TASK STATEMENT) LOCATE STARTING AND COMPLETION POINT

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD
Scales Pencils Pencil sharpener Erasers Dividers Scratch pad Calculator Adding machine Slide rule T-square Parallel straight edge Triangles ($30^{\circ} 60^{\circ}$ and 45°) Adjustable triangles Drafting table Drawing board and surface Chair (posture type)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Calculate location of starting and completion points Construct starting point Plan sequence Construct completion point Check for accuracy Complete drawing <p>KNOWLEDGE:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Of diagrams purpose Scales of construction lines Sequence of events or organization Proportions 	<p>Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ground all electrical equipment Adequate foot candle for lighting (20 foot candles minimum) Be aware of equipment points and edges Porcine and erasing powder in eyes
	<p>CUES</p>	<p>ERRORS</p>
	<p>DECISIONS</p>	<p>Lost time in reading</p> <p>The starting point and completion point are probably the most critical areas on a block diagram as all flow, organization or sequence is based on these two locations ; at all times consider these with most accuracy</p>

(TASK STATEMENT) LOCATING STARTING AND COMPLETION POINT

SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS	COMMUNICATIONS	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
	<p>Ratio and proportion [Estimation of block size] Measures of length Locate by approximation rational numbers and integers on the number line (sequential ordering?)</p>		<p>Comprehension Trade terminology</p>

(TASK STATEMENT) PLACE DIRECTION OF FLOW ARROWS

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD
<p>Drafting table, drawing board and surface, chair (posture type), T-square, parallel straight edge, triangles (30°, 60° and 45°), scales, adjustable triangles, drafting templates (various), drafting machines, erasing shield, erasers, pencils, pencil sharpener, pens, inks, erasing powder, pounce, cleaning cloth, tape, dusting brush, artyne, lever set, wire co set, varityper, standards hooks</p>	<p>Locate blocks that are being drawn from and to Determine the flow direction Construct connecting line Draw in arrow Check standards for correct arrow and line weight Darken in line and arrow KNOWLEDGE The purpose and type of block diagram [Electrical-organization] Standard symbols or reference Location Construction line weights Finish line weights Various lettering devices Templates</p>	<p>Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work Ground all electrical equipment Adequate foot candle for lighting (20 foot candles minimum) Be aware of equipment points and edges Pounce and erasing powder in eyes</p> <p>Final job incorrect causing lost time and money Incorrect interpretation of organizational information</p>

DECISIONS

Determine flow direction

CUES

The arrows are probably as critical as any area on the block diagram; as they indicate the directional flow or sequence of events that take place or is represented by the block diagram

ERRORS

Final job incorrect causing lost time and money
Incorrect interpretation of organizational information

(TASK STATEMENT) PLACE DIRECTION OF FLOW ARROWS

<p><u>SCIENCE</u></p>	<p><u>MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS</u></p>	<p>Locate by approximation rational numbers and integers on the number line (sequential ordering) Measures of length</p>
<p><u>COMMUNICATIONS</u></p>	<p><u>EXAM - ES</u></p>	<p>Classification</p>

Reading

Work order, work request or any instructions given concerning the block diagram

Duty F Drawing Schematics

- 1 Draw standard conventional symbols
- 2 Place needed dimensions and information
- 3 Draw symbol connections
- 4 Select type of drawing to use
- 5 Determine scale and drawing size
- 6 Organize and draw keys and legends

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(TASK STATEMENT) DRAWS STANDARD CONVENTIONAL SYMBOLS

<u>TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON</u>	<u>PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE</u>	<u>SAFETY - HAZARD</u>
Catalog files Card files Various reference books Standards books	<p>Check standards and reference books for standards symbols</p> <p>Create symbols not standardized</p> <p>Draw symbols</p> <p>Check for accuracy</p> <p>Proceed to draw symbol connections</p> <p><u>KNOWLEDGE</u></p> <p>Available reference books to use</p> <p>Purpose of schematic and who is to use it</p> <p>Trade term abbreviations</p> <p>Pencil leads and pen types</p> <p>Various lettering devices</p> <p>Proper line work and line weight</p>	<p>Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work</p> <p>Ground all electrical equipment</p> <p>Adequate foot candles for lighting (20 foot candles minimum)</p> <p>Be aware of equipment points and edges</p> <p>Pounce and erasing powder in eyes</p>
	<u>CUES</u>	<u>ERRORS</u>
	<u>DECISIONS</u>	<p>Job may be incorrectly done resulting in a non-functional product</p>

(TASK STATEMENT) DRAW STANDARD CONVENTIONAL SYMBOLS

SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS	COMMUNICATIONS	
	<p>Given a coding system, recognize and identify each unit involved by assigning necessary symbols, numerical or literal [Symbol-numerical]</p> <p>Locate by approximation rational numbers and integers on the number line (sequential ordering) [Symbol placement]</p>		
PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS	
Reading	Reading and understanding job instructions	Comprehension Trade vocabulary	59

(TASK STATEMENT) PLACE NEEDED DIMENSIONS AND INFORMATION

65

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD
Drafting table, drawing board and surface, chair (posture type), light table, T-square, parallel straight edge, triangles (30°60° and 45°), adjustable triangles, scales, protractors, drafting templates (various), drafting machines, erasing shield, erasers, pencils, pencil sharpener, compass (bow and beam), dividers, pens, inks, erasing powder, pounce, cleaning cloth, tape, drawing paper or poster board, tracing paper, vellum, tracing linen, tracing film, scratch pad, dusting powder, tryone, calculator, adding machine, slide rule, catalog files, card files, memorandum sheets, storage cabinets, lever set, wrico set, variety set, lettering guide, various reference books, standards books	<p>Check standards book and reference book for standard method of dimensioning particular schematic</p> <p>Construct guide lines</p> <p>Draw needed lines and symbols</p> <p>Letter dimensions and marginal information</p> <p>Check work</p> <p>KNOWLEDGE</p> <p>Available reference material and standards books</p> <p>Pencil lead and pen sizes</p> <p>Proper line weight and line work</p> <p>Proper freehand lettering</p> <p>Various lettering devices</p>	<p>Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shobs or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work</p> <p>Ground all electrical equipment</p> <p>Adequate foot candles of lighting (20 foot candles minimum)</p> <p>Be aware of equipment points and edges</p> <p>Pounce and erasing powder in eyes</p>
	<p align="center"><u>DECISIONS</u></p> <p>Determine if all dimensions and information are included and in an easy location to find and read</p>	<p align="center"><u>CUES</u></p> <p>A draftsman should perform a double check on dimensioning before and after lettering</p> <p>Be certain all marginal information is complete and included on schematic</p> <p align="center"><u>ERRORS</u></p> <p>Lost time and possibly incorrect product due to conclusions made during manufacturing</p>

(TASK STATEMENT) PLACE NAMED DIMENSIONS AND INFORMATION

<u>SCIENCE</u>	<u>MATH – NUMBER SYSTEMS</u>	<u>COMMUNICATIONS</u>
<p>Differences in absorption and radiation of energy between dark rough surfaces and light, smooth, polished surfaces</p> <p>Composition of matter, including protons, neutrons, electrons, atoms, molecules, elements</p> <p>Simple machines used to gain mechanical advantage</p> <p>Effects of friction on work or forces and product quality</p>	<p>Given an instrument of measure, determine precision, and/or accuracy with respect to relative error, tolerance, and significant digits (Measuring other than linear, square, and cubic) [Scales, see tools list]</p> <p>Multiplication and division with whole numbers</p> <p>Addition and subtraction of proper and improper fractions</p> <p>Multiplication and division of proper and improper fractions</p> <p>Changing mixed numbers to improper fractions</p> <p>Addition and subtraction of decimal fractions</p> <p>Measures of length</p> <p>Ratio and proportion</p>	<p>Library information</p> <p>Comprehension</p> <p>Trade vocabulary</p> <p>Abstracting</p> <p>Spelling</p> <p>Footnoting</p> <p>Usage</p> <p>Clarity of expression</p>
<u>PERFORMANCE MODES</u>	<u>EXAMPLES</u>	
Reading	Standards books and job instruction sheets	

TASK STATEMENT) DRAW SYMBOL CONNECTIONS

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY HAZARD
drafting table, drawing board and surface, chair (posture type), light table, T-square, parallel straight edge, triangles (30° - 60° and 45°), adjustable triangles, scales, drafting templates (various), drafting machine, erasing shield, erasers, pencils, pencil sharpener, pens, inks, erasing rubber, pounce, cleaning cloth, tape, dusting brush, arttype, lever set, erico set, vari-type, various reference books, standards hooks	Locate symbols being drawn Construct connecting lines Draw arrows where needed Check standards for line weight Darken in lines and arrows Do all connect ons for accuracy CYON PRICE The purpose of the schematic Construction had finished line weights Pencil leads and pen sizes Templates	Safety awareness is important because a craftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during his/her work Ground all electrical equipment Adequate foot candles for lighting (20 foot candle's minimum) Be aware of equipment points and edges Pounce and erasing powder in eyes
<u>DECISIONS</u>	<u>CUES</u>	<u>ERRORS</u>
Determine if symbols are properly connected	Check to see if connecting lines must be to a length scale When connecting lines run off sheet make sure they are referenced as to where to go, and at that location, where they are from	Lost time and incorrect product

TASK STATEMENT

DRAW SYMBOL CONNECTIONS

SCIENCE

Differences in absorption and radiation of energy between dark rough surfaces and light, smooth, polished surfaces
Composition of matter, including protons, neutrons, electrons, atoms, molecules, elements
Simple machines used to gain mechanical advantage
Effects of friction on work processes and product quality

MATH – NUMBER SYSTEMS

Measures of length
Ratio and proportion
Locate by approximation rational numbers and integers
on the number line (sequential ordering)
[Sheer continuation]

COMMUNICATIONS**PERFORMANCE MODES**

Reading

EXAMPLES

Job instruction information

SKILLS/CONCEPTS

Classification

(TASK STATEMENT) SELECT TYPE OF DRAWING TO USE

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	SELECT TYPE OF DRAWING TO USE	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD
Various reference books Pencil sharpener Pencils Standards books Scratch pad Calculator Erasers Adding machine Slide rule	Determine purpose of schedule Make calculations on size of drawing, cost of time spent Sketch various type possibilities	<p>KNOWLEDGE</p> <p>Know the various types of schematics Know the completion time of types Know who is going to look at schematic and for what purpose</p>	<p>Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work</p> <p>Ground all electrical equipment</p> <p>Inadequate foot candles for lighting (20 foot candles minimum)</p> <p>Be aware of equipment points and edges</p>
		<p>CUES</p> <p>DECISIONS</p> <p>Determine size of drawing and method of presenting schematic</p>	<p>ERRORS</p> <p>Lost time in drawing room and during assembly High cost due to material waste and lost time Difficulty in reading schematic</p>

(TASK STATEMENT) SELECT TYPE OF DRAWING TO USE

<u>SCIENCE</u>	<u>MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS</u>	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Addition and subtraction of whole numbers Multiplication and division with whole numbers Addition and subtraction of proper and improper fractions Multiplication and division of proper and improper fractions Changing mixed numbers to improper fractions Addition and subtraction of decimal fractions Measures of length Ratio and proportion 	
<u>COMMUNICATIONS</u>		<u>SKILLS/CONCEPTS</u>
<u>PERFORMANCE MODES</u>	<u>EXAMPLES</u>	Comprehension
Reading		

TASK STATEMENT	DETERMINE SCALE AND DRAWING SIZE	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD
TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	<p>Standards books Calculator Adding machine Slide rule Scratch pad Pencil Pencil sharpener Erasers</p>	<p>Operate calculating equipment Check standards book With dividers scale and compass determine size of object to be drawn Check into purpose of drawing KNOWLEDGE Drawing sheet sizes Various scales Desired proportion of object size to be sketched</p>	<p>Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work Adequate foot candles for lighting (20 foot candles minimum) Be aware of equipment points and edges Ground all electrical equipment</p>
DECISIONS		CUES	ERRORS
		<p>Decide on size and scale of drawing</p>	<p>Difficulty in reading drawing tives of the block diagram [vertical versus horizontal flow]</p>

(TASK STATEMENT) DETERMINE SCALE AND DRAWING SIZE

<u>SCIENCE</u>	<u>MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS</u>	<u>COMMUNICATIONS</u>	
	<p>Addition and subtraction of whole numbers Multiplication and division with whole numbers Addition and subtraction of proper and improper fractions Multiplication and division of proper and improper fractions</p> <p>Changing mixed numbers to improper fractions Addition and subtraction of decimal fractions</p> <p>Measures of length Ratio and proportion Measure with the Metric and English system and convert between them</p> <p>Given an instrument of measure, determine precision, and/or accuracy with respect to relative error, tolerance, and significant digits (Measuring other than linear, square, and cubic)</p>		
<u>PERFORMANCE MODES</u>	<u>EXAMPLES</u>	<u>SKILLS/CONCEPTS</u>	
Reading Standards books		Comprehension Trade vocabulary	72 72 67

KEYS AND LEGENDS	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD	ERRORS
Drafting table, drawing board and surface, chair (posture type), light table, T-square, parallel straight edge, triangles (30°-60° and 45°), adjustable triangles, scales, drafting templates (various), drafting machines, erasing shield, pencils, pencil sharpener, dividers, pens, inks, erasing powder, pounce, cleaning cloth, tape, drawing paper or poster board, tracing paper, vellum, tracing linen, tracing film, dusting powder, artype, calculator, adding machine, slide rule, leroy set, wrico set, varityper, lettering guide, various reference books, standards books	<p>Construct keys or legends for symbols</p> <p>Draw keys and legends</p> <p>Place description and symbols in keys and legends</p> <p>Check to make sure all symbols needed are included in key or legend</p> <p>KNOWLEDGE</p> <p>Pencil lead and pen types</p> <p>Various lettering devices</p> <p>Proper linework and linewidth</p> <p>Available reference and standards books</p> <p>Symbols</p> <p>How to word and abbreviate column headings</p>	<p>Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work</p> <p>Adequate foot candles for lighting (20 foot candles minimum)</p> <p>Be aware of equipment points and edges</p> <p>Ground all electrical equipment</p> <p>Lubricants and solvents in eyes</p> <p>Pounce and erasing powder in eyes</p>	
Determine best placement of keys and legends			
DECISIONS	CUES		

(TASK STATEMENT) ORGANIZE AND DRAW KEYS AND LEGENDS

		MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS	
		SCIENCE	
		<p>Differences in absorption and radiation of energy between dark rough surfaces and light, smooth, polished surfaces</p> <p>Composition of matter, including protons, neutrons, electrons, atoms, molecules, elements</p> <p>Simple machines used to gain mechanical advantage</p> <p>Effects of friction on work processes and product quality</p>	<p>Given a coding system, recognize and identify each unit involved by assigning necessary symbols, numerical or literal</p> <p>Locate by approximation rational numbers and integers on the number line (sequential ordering)</p> <p>Addition and subtraction of whole numbers</p> <p>Multiplication and division with whole numbers</p> <p>Measures of length</p>
		COMMUNICATIONS	
PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS	
Reading	Standards books, work request or job orders	Clarity of expression Comprehension Trade terminology Classification Abstracting Spelling Editing and proofreading	

Duty C Laying Out Objects

- 1 Select scale and drawing size
- 2 Determine media to use
- 3 Construct and draw geometric forms
- 4 Locate construction points
- 5 Locate needed dimensions and information

TASK STATEMENT

SELECT SCALE AND DRAWING SITE

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS,
OBJECTS ACTED UPON

Standard's books
 Calculator
 Adding machine
 Slide rule
 Scratch pad
 Erasers
 Pencils
 Pencil sharpener
 Various reference books

PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE

Operate calculating equipment
 Check standards books
 Size object by rough scaling,
dividing or compass proportioning
 Check purpose of drawing
 (full scale template or not)
KNOWLEDGE
 Drawing sheet sizes
 Various scales
 Needed proportion of object size to
 be drawn

SAFETY - HAZARD

Safety awareness is important
 because a draftsman is often
 required to work in shops or on
 job sites where numerous safety
 hazards exist during any phase
 of his/her work
 Adequate foot candles for light (at
 20 foot candles minimum)
 Be aware of equipment points and
 edges
 Ground all electrical equipment

DECISIONS

Determine if sheet size and scale is
 large enough to provide ample
 space for drawing and margin
 information.

CUES

Re aware of purpose of drawing;
 Many times draftsman forget to allow
 space for bottoms and tops of
 developed or layed-out objects

ERRORS

Crowded drawing
 Lost time due to difficulty in
 reading

(TASK STATEMENT) SELECT SCALE AND DRAWING SIZE

<u>SCIENCE</u>	<u>MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS</u>	<u>COMMUNICATIONS</u>	<u>SKILLS/CONCEPTS</u>
	Addition and subtraction of whole numbers Multiplication and division with whole numbers Addition and subtraction of proper and improper fractions Multiplication and division of proper and improper fractions Changing mixed numbers to improper fractions Addition and subtraction of decimal fractions Measures of length Ratio and proportion		Comprehension Trade vocabulary
<u>PERFORMANCE MODES</u>	<u>EXAMPLES</u>	<u>PERFORMANCE MODES</u>	<u>EXAMPLES</u>
Reading	Trade instructional materials, standards books	77	73

TASK STATEMENT) DETERMINE MEDIA TO USE**TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS,
OBJECTS ACTED UPON****PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE**

Pencils, pens, drawing paper or poster board, tracing paper, vellum, tracing linen, tracing film, arrype, leroy set, wrico set, varityper, various reference books, standards books, erasers, pencil sharpener, inks, pounce, cleaning cloth, scratch pad

- Check standards books
- Properly use calculating equipment
- Check drawings use
- Check reproduction method
- KNOWLEDGE**
- Pencil lead weights
- Pen types and sizes
- Sheet sizes
- Drafting material
- Drawing method capacities
- Optional drawing devices
- Purpose of layout for correct material selection (template)

SAFETY - HAZARD

- Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work
- Adequate foot candles for lighting (20 foot candles minimum)
- Be aware of equipment points and edges
- Ground all electrical equipment

DECISIONS

Select a media to present drawing

CUES

Select a media that allows the drawing to perform its function without sacrificing drawing time or company cost

ERRORS

Lost time and money
Lack of required quality in some cases

(TASK STATEMENT) DETERMINE MEDIA TO USE

SCIENCE

Differences in absorption and radiation of energy between dark rough surfaces and light, smooth, polished surfaces
 Composition of matter, including protons, neutrons, electrons, atoms, molecules, elements
 Simple machines used to gain mechanical advantage
 Effects of friction on work processes and product quality

MATH – NUMBER SYSTEMS

Locate by approximation rational numbers and integers on the number line (sequential ordering)

COMMUNICATIONS

PERFORMANCE MODES

EXAMPLES

Reading
 Trade instruction materials

SKILLS/CONCEPTS

Comprehension
 Trade vocabulary

(TASK STATEMENT) CONSTRUCT AND DRAW GEOMETRIC FORMS

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD
<p>Drafting table, drawing board and surface, chair (posture type), light table, T-square, parallel straight edge, triangles (30°-60° and 45°), adjustable triangles, scales, drafting templates (various), drafting machines, erasing shield, pencils, pencil sharpener, dividers, pens, inks, erasing powder, pounce, cleaning cloth, tape, drawing paper or poster board, tracing linen, tracing film, dusting brush, artype, calculator, adding machine, slide rule, various reference books, standards books, tracing paper</p>	<p>Use reference material to determine proper procedure Layout reference lines Construct geometric form Darken geometric form Check work KNOWLEDGE Available reference material Use of construction tools [Compass, divider, triangles, etc.] Pencil lead and pen sizes Basic geometric shapes Intersections of lines, points, and surfaces Line weights and line work True length of lines Normal versus oblique views of surfaces Cleaning procedure</p>	<p>Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work Adequate foot candles for lighting (20 foot candles minimum) Be aware of equipment points and edges Ground all electrical equipment</p>
	<p><u>DECISIONS</u></p> <p>Check for correctness of orthographic views Determine if layout is to be a drawing or template</p>	<p><u>CUES</u></p> <p>Check two plane projections of all solid objects to insure three-dimensional shape Usage of drawing</p> <p><u>ERRORS</u></p> <p>Incorrect drawing or construction Unable to use drawing for specified purpose</p>

(TASK STATEMENT) CONSTRUCT AND DRAW GEOMETRIC FORMS

SCIENCE	MATH -- NUMBER SYSTEMS	COMMUNICATIONS
<p>Differences in absorption and radiation of energy between dark rough surfaces and light, smooth, polished surfaces</p> <p>Composition of matter, including protons, neutrons, electrons, atoms, molecules, elements</p> <p>Simple machines used to gain mechanical advantages</p> <p>Effects of friction on work processes and product quality</p>	<p>Geometric constructions</p> <p>Measures of length</p> <p>Addition, subtraction, multiplication, division with whole numbers</p> <p>Addition, subtraction, multiplication, division of proper and improper fractions</p> <p>Changing mixed numbers to improper fractions</p> <p>Addition and subtraction of decimal fractions</p> <p>Ratio and proportion</p> <p>Measure with the Metric and English system and convert between them</p> <p>Given an instrument of measure, determine precision, and/or accuracy with respect to relative error, tolerance, and significant digits (Measuring other than linear, square, and cubic)</p> <p>Locate by approximation rational numbers and integers on the number line (sequential ordering)</p> <p>Determination of facts involving sectors of a circle</p>	<p>Research procedures</p> <p>Comprehension</p> <p>Trade vocabulary</p>
PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
Reading	Plane geometry text, Trade instruction materials	81

(TASK STATEMENT) LOCATE CONSTRUCTION POINTS

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS,
OBJECTS ACTED UPON

Drafting table, drawing board and surface, chair (posture type), light table, T-square, parallel straight edge, triangles (30° - 60° and 45°), adjustable triangles, scales, protractors, curves, drafting template (various), drafting machines, erasing shield, erasers, pencils, pencil sharpeners, compass (bow and beam), dividers, erasing powder, cleaning cloth, various reference books, standards books, dusting powder, scratch pad, calculator, adding machine, slide rule

PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE

Calculate location of starting and completion points
Plan sequence
Locate starting and completion point
Check for accuracy
Place construction point numbers on drawing where needed
KNOWLEDGE
Sequence of mating surfaces
Lead weight and pen sizes
Proper lettering system
Various lettering devices

SAFETY - HAZARD

Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work
Ground all electrical equipment
Adequate foot candles for lighting (20 foot candles minimum)
Be aware of equipment points and edges
Pounce and erasing powder in eyes

DECISIONS

Determine starting points of construction for best drawing presentation

CUES

Construction point numbers may or may not be shown on drawing, depending on its intended use

ERRORS

Drawing poorly located on sheet making it hard to read and allowing possible errors

(TASK STATEMENT) LOCATE CONSTRUCTION POINTS			
	SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS	
Differences in absorption and radiation of energy between dark rough surfaces and light, smooth, polished surfaces Composition of matter, including protons, neutrons, electrons, atoms, molecules, elements Simple machines used to gain mechanical advantage Effects of friction on work processes and product quality	Measures of length Given a coding system, recognize and identify each unit involved by assigning necessary symbols, numerical or literal Locate by approximation rational numbers and integers on the number line (sequential ordering) Determination of area and circumference of circles Determination of area, perimeter and diagonals of polygons with more than four sides Determination of area, perimeter and diagonals of quadrilaterals (four-sided figures) Use of trigonometric functions in solution of problems involving right triangles Understanding and use of the Pythagorean theorem, based on the right triangle	COMMUNICATIONS	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	Reading Tracing "How To Draw A Truncated Prism", Trad.: Vocabulary	Comprehension Trad.: Vocabulary

1-4
(TASK STATEMENT) LOCATE NEEDED DIMENSIONS AND INFORMATION

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD
<p>T-square, parallel straight edge, triangles (30°-60° and 45°) adjustable triangles, scales, protractors, drafting templates (various), drafting machines, erasing shield, erasers, pencils, pencil sharpener, compass (bow and beam), pens, inks, erasing powder, cleaning cloth, adding machine, slide rule, stick files, lettering guides, various reference books, standards books, pounce</p>	<p>Check standards book Determine drawing use as to needed dimensions Construct guide lines Draw needed lines and dimensions Check work KNOWLEDGE Available standards book Pencil lead and pen sizes Proper line weight and line work Proper freehand lettering Various lettering devices</p>	<p>Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work Ground all electrical equipment Adequate foot candles for lighting (20 foot candles minimum) Be aware of equipment points and edges Pounce and erasing powder in eyes</p>
		<p align="center">DECISIONS</p> <p>Determine if any dimensions are needed</p> <p align="center">CUES</p> <p>Instructions</p>
		<p align="center">ERRORS</p> <p>Possible error - wrong scale</p>

(TASK STATEMENT) LOCATE NEEDED DIMENSIONS AND INFORMATION

SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS	COMMUNICATIONS
<p>Simple machines used to gain mechanical advantage</p> <p>Differences in absorption and radiation of energy between dark rough surfaces and light, smooth, polished surfaces</p> <p>Composition of matter, including protons, neutrons, electrons, atoms, molecules, elements</p> <p>Effects of friction on work processes and product quality</p>	<p>Addition and subtraction of whole numbers</p> <p>Multiplication and division with whole numbers</p> <p>Addition and subtraction of proper and improper fractions</p> <p>Multiplication and division of proper and improper fractions</p> <p>Changing mixed numbers to improper fractions</p> <p>Addition and subtraction of decimal fractions</p> <p>Measures of length</p> <p>Given an instrument of measure, determine precision, and/or accuracy with respect to relative error, tolerance, and significant digits (Measuring other than linear, square, and cubic)</p> <p>Ratio and proportion</p>	<p>Reading</p> <p>Standards book and trade instructions material</p>
PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
		<p>Library information</p> <p>Comprehension</p> <p>Trade vocabulary</p> <p>Abstracting</p> <p>Spelling</p> <p>Footnoting</p> <p>Usage</p> <p>Clarity of expression</p>

Duty II Drawing Fasteners

- 1 Determine drawing method or representation
- 2 Draw and specify permanent fasteners
- 3 Draw and specify non-permanent fasteners
- 4 Select scale and drawing size
- 5 Select media to use

Y/

(TASK STATEMENT)	DETERMINE DRAWING METHOD OR REPRESENTATION	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD
TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON			
Erasers Scratch pad Pencils Various reference books Pencil sharpener Standards books Calculator Adding machine Slide rule	<p>Make calculations on size and number of threads required</p> <p>Determine DR's use</p> <p>Sketch various ways of representing fasteners</p> <p>Check for alternate fasteners</p> <p>KNOWLEDGE</p> <p>Operate calculating equipment</p> <p>Who will use the drawing</p> <p>Various ways of representing threads</p> <p>Knowledge of materials fasteners are to secure</p>	<p>Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work</p> <p>Ground all electrical equipment</p> <p>Adequate foot candles of lighting (20 foot candles minimum)</p> <p>Be aware of equipment points and edges</p> <p>Pounce and erasing powder in eyes</p>	<p>Loss of time</p> <p>Loss of money to the company</p>
	<u>DECISIONS</u>	<u>CUES</u>	<u>ERRORS</u>

(TASK STATEMENT) DETERMINE DRAWING METHOD OR REPRESENTATION

SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS	COMMUNICATIONS	PERFORMANCE MODES
	<p>Measure of time and speed (Example: time-seconds, minutes, etc.; speed-feet per minute, R.P.M., etc.) [Estimation of time]</p> <p>Monetary systems (estimation of cost)</p> <p>Addition and subtraction of whole numbers</p> <p>Multiplication and division with whole numbers</p> <p>Addition and subtraction of proper and improper fractions</p> <p>Addition and subtraction of decimal fractions</p> <p>Multiplication and division of decimal fractions</p>		<p>Reading</p> <p>Standards books, suppliers' catalogues and machinery handbook</p>

(TASK STATEMENT) DRAW AND SPECIFY PERMANENT FASTENERS

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD
<p>Drafting table, drawing board and surface, chair (posture type), light table, T-square, parallel straight edge, triangles (30°-60° and 45°), adjustable triangles, scales, protractors, curves, drafting templates (various), drafting machine, erasing shield, erasers, pencils, pencil sharpener, compass (bow and beam), dividers, pens, inks, erasing powder, pounce, cleaning cloth, tape, drawing paper or poster board, tracing paper, vellum, tracing linen, tracing film, scratch pad, dusting brush, leroy set, wrico set, varityper, lettering guide, various reference books, standards books, artype</p>	<p>Check standard book for drawing method Layout fastener Construct internal features Darken drawing Letter specifications Clean drawing Submit to checker KNOWLEDGE Available reference and standards books Construction line weight Methods of representing threads Methods of specifying threads Internal features of various fasteners Pencil leads and pen sizes Line work and line weight Proper lettering procedure Various lettering devices How to clean drawing</p>	<p>Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work Ground all electrical equipment Adequate foot candles of lighting (20 foot candles minimum) Be aware of equipment points and edges Pounce and erasing powder in eyes</p>
		<p><u>DECISIONS</u></p> <p>Decide on type and strength of fastener to use</p> <p><u>CUES</u></p> <p>Never indicate a fastener that might be substituted by a less expensive fastener without sacrificing strength and properties of mating material</p> <p><u>ERRORS</u></p> <p>Added cost to company and occasionally lose time in manufacturing or assembly</p>

TASK STATEMENT DRAW AND SPECIFY PERMANENT FASTENERS

SCIENCE	MATH – NUMBER SYSTEMS
<p>Resistance of materials to change in shape [Stresses (tension and shear)]</p> <p>Arrangement of molecules, atoms and ions and the effect on structure and strength of materials</p> <p>[Properties of materials]</p> <p>Simple machines used to gain mechanical advantage</p> <p>Differences in absorption and radiation of energy between dark rough surfaces and light, smooth, polished surfaces</p> <p>Composition of matter, including protons, neutrons, electrons, atoms, molecules, elements</p> <p>Effects of friction on work processes and product quality</p>	<p>Measures of length Given a coding system, recognize and identify each unit involved by assigning necessary symbols, numerical or literal [Designating nails, weld symbols, wire gauges, tapping screw points]</p> <p>Knowledge of angles Locate by approximation rational numbers and integers on the number line (sequential ordering)</p> <p>Use of trigonometric functions in solution of problems involving right triangles; understanding and use of Pythagorean theorem, based on the right triangle</p> <p>Read and interpret charts, tables, and/or graphs Given an instrument of measure, determine precision, and/or accuracy with respect to relative error, tolerance, and significant digits (Measuring other than linear, square, and cubic)</p> <p>Ratio and proportion Measure with the Metric and English system and convert between them</p> <p>Addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division of whole numbers, decimals, and fractions</p>
COMMUNICATIONS	
PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES
Reading	<p>Read standards book, supplier's catalogs and machinery handbook also physics book possibly</p>

(TASK STATEMENT) DRAW AND SPECIFY NON-PERMANENT FASTENERS

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD
Drafting table, drawing board and surface, chair (posture type), light table, T-square, parallel straight edge, triangles ($30\text{-}60^\circ$ and 45°), adjustable triangles, scales, protractors, curves, drafting templates (various), drafting machines, erasing shield, erasers, pencils, pencil sharpener, compass (bow and beam), dividers, pens, inks, erasing powder, pounce, cleaning cloth, tape, drawing paper or poster board, tracing paper, vellum, tracing linen, tracing film, scratch pad, dusting brush, artype, leroy set, wrico set, varityper, lettering guide, various reference books, standards books	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check standards book for drawing method Layout fastener Construct internal features Darken drawing Letter specifications Clean drawing Submit to checker <p>KNOWLEDGE</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Available reference and standards book Construction line weight Methods of representing Methods of specifying Internal features of various fasteners Pencil leads and pen sizes Line work and line weight Proper lettering procedures Various lettering devices How to clean drawing 	<p>Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ground all electrical equipment Adequate foot candles of lighting (20 foot candles minimum) Be aware of equipment points and edges Pounce and erasing powder in eye
	<p>CUES</p>	<p>ERRORS</p> <p>Added lost to company and occasionally lost time in manufacturing and assembly</p>
	<p>DECISIONS</p>	<p>Never indicate a fastener that might be substituted by a less expensive fastener without sacrificing strength and properties of mating material</p>

<u>SCIENCE</u>	<u>MATH – NUMBER SYSTEMS</u>	
<p>Arrangement of molecules, atoms and ions and the effect on structure and strength of materials [Tensil strength]</p> <p>Simple machines used to gain mechanical advantage</p> <p>Differences in absorption and radiation of energy between dark rough surfaces and light, smooth, polished surfaces</p> <p>Composition of matter, including protons, neutrons, electrons, atoms, molecules, elements</p> <p>Effects of friction on work processes and product quality</p>	<p>Measures of length Given a coding system, recognize and identify each unit involved by assigning necessary symbols, numerical or literal [Head designation, point designation, unified national, American national, metric, spring code, thread code]</p> <p>Locate by approximation rational numbers and integers on the number line (sequential ordering)</p> <p>Read and interpret charts, tables, and/or graphs</p> <p>Measure with the Metric and English system and convert between them</p> <p>Ratio and proportion Understanding and use of Pythagorean theorem, based on the right triangle; use of trigonometric functions in solution of problems involving right triangles</p> <p>Addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division of whole numbers, decimals, and fractions</p>	
<u>COMMUNICATIONS</u>		

TASK STATEMENT) SELECT SCALE AND DRAWING SIZE

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS OBJECTS ACTED UPON	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY HAZARD
Standards books Various reference books Calculator Adding machine Slide rule Scratch pad Erasers Pencils Pencil sharpener	Operate calculating equipment Check standards books With dividers, scale, and compass determine the size of the object to be drawn KNOWLEDGE Drawing sheet sizes Various scales Needed proportions of objects to be sketched	Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work Ground all electrical equipment Adequate foot candles of lighting (20 foot candles minimum) Be aware of equipment points and edges Pounce and erasing powder in eyes
		CUES The various ways of showing the fastener drawn [Example: Isometric, sectioned, orthographic]
	DECISIONS Determine proper scale and drawing size Determine way of presenting choice of fastener	ERRORS Drawing difficult to read and understand If scale, drawing size and method of presentation is poor

(TASK STATEMENT) SELECT SCALE AND DRAWING SIZE

	SCIENCE	MATH – NUMBER SYSTEMS	
		<p>Addition and subtraction of whole numbers Multiplication and division with whole numbers Addition and subtraction of proper and improper fractions Multiplication and division of proper and improper fractions</p> <p>Changing mixed numbers to improper fractions Addition and subtraction of improper fractions Measures of length Ratio and proportion Measure with the Metric and English system and convert between them Given an instrument of measure, determine precision, and/or accuracy with respect to relative error, tolerance, and significant digits (Measuring other than linear, square, and cubic)</p>	
	COMMUNICATIONS	<p>EXAMPLES</p> <p>Standards books and trade instruction sheets or reference books</p>	<p>SKILLS/CONCEPTS</p> <p>Comprehension Trade vocabulary</p> <p style="text-align: right;">91</p>

(TASK STATEMENT) SELECT MEDIA TO USE

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD
Erasers Pencils Pencil sharpener Pens Drawing paper or poster board Tracing paper Vellum Tracing linen Tracing film Artype Leroy set Wrico set Vari typer Various reference books Standards books Scratch pad	Check standards book Make calculations Check to determine who will use the drawing and for what purpose Check reproduction method available KNOWLEDGE Pencil lead weights Pen types and sizes Various drafting materials available Proper lettering techniques Optional lettering devices	Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work Ground all electrical equipment Adequate foot candles of lighting (20 foot candles minimum) Be aware of equipment points and edges Pounce and erasing powder in eyes
	<u>CUES</u>	Inferior reproductions inadequate for drawings purpose
<u>DECISIONS</u> Determine how to present drawing (media) based on usage of drawing	<u>ERRORS</u> Select a media that allows the drawing to perform its functions without sacrificing drawing time, reproduction time, and in general company cost	<i>75</i>

(TASK STATEMENT) SELECT MEDIA TO USE

SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS	COMMUNICATIONS	
Differences in absorption and radiation of energy between dark rough surfaces and light, smooth, polished surfaces Composition of matter, including protons, neutrons, electrons, atoms, molecules, elements Effects of friction on work processes and product quality	Locate by approximation rational numbers and integers on the number line (sequential ordering)		92
PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS	
Reading	• Read standards' books, work request, job orders	Comprehension Trade vocabulary	

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Duty I Drawing Details

- 1 Select method of drawing detail
- 2 Determine part scale and sheet size
- 3 Select media to use
- 4 Draw, dimension and tolerance details
- 5 Determine the need of additional views
- 6 Place marginal information

(TASK STATEMENT) SELECT METHOD OF DRAWING DETAIL

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD	ERRORS
Erasers Pencils Pencil sharpener Various reference books Standards books Calculator Adding machine Slide rule Scratch pad	Check standards books Determine use of drawing Make calculations necessary in selecting the drawing method Make sketches of part by various methods KNOWLEDGE Available standards books Operate calculating equipment Various ways of drawing details [Orthographic, isometric, etc.] How drawing will be reproduced Who will use drawing	Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work Ground all electrical equipment Adequate foot candles of lighting (20 foot candles minimum) Be aware of equipment points and edges Pounce and erasing powder in eyes	Lost time due to print being difficult to read
	DECISIONS Select most descriptive view and make it the front view (in most cases)	CUES The front view regardless of method should be the most descriptive view if possible Length of object and the working position might alter the rule of thumb	ERRORS Lost time due to print being difficult to read

(TASK STATEMENT) SELECT METHOD OF DRAWING DETAIL

SCIENCE

Simple machines used to gain mechanical advantage
 Differences in absorption and radiation of energy
 between dark rough surfaces and light, smooth,
 polished surfaces
 Composition of matter, including protons, neutrons,
 electrons, atoms, molecules, elements
 Effects of friction on work processes and product
 quality

MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS

Monetary system
 Measure of time and speed (Example: time=seconds,
 minutes, etc.; speed=feet per minute, R.P.M., etc.)
 Measures of length
 Ratio and proportion

COMMUNICATIONS

PERFORMANCE MODES

Reading

EXAMPLES

Standards books, reference books and
 trade instruction material

SKILLS/CONCEPTS

Comprehension
 Trade vocabulary

(TASK STATEMENT) DETERMINE PART SCALE AND SHEET SIZE

**TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS,
OBJECTS ACTED UPON**

PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE

Erasers
 Pencils
 Pencil sharpener
 Scratch pad
 Various reference books
 Standards books
 Calculator
 Adding machine
 Slide rule

Operate calculating equipment
 Check standards books
 With dividers, scale, and compass,
 determine the size of the object
 to be drawn

KNOWLEDGE

Drawing sheet sizes
 Various scales
 Needed proportions of object to
 be sketched

SAFETY - HAZARD

Safety awareness is important
 because a draftsman is often
 required to work in shops or on
 job sites where numerous safety
 hazards exist during any phase
 of his/her work

Ground all electrical equipment
 Adequate foot candles of lighting
 (20 foot candles minimum)
 Be aware of equipment points and
 edges
 Pounce and erasing powder in eyes

DECISIONS

Determine a good scale and sheet size
 for drawing

CUES

In selecting the proper scale and
 sheet size the draftsman should
 keep in mind what method
 is being done and be aware that
 different methods to be shown
 properly require different scales

ERRORS

Poor prints or prints difficult to
 read causing lost time in print
 reading

(TASK STATEMENT) DETERMINE PART SCALE AND SHEET SIZE

<u>SCIENCE</u>	<u>MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS</u>	<u>COMMUNICATIONS</u>	
	<p>Addition and subtraction of whole numbers Multiplication and division with whole numbers Addition and subtraction of proper and improper fractions Multiplication and division of proper and improper fractions Multiplication and division of decimal fractions Addition and subtraction of decimal fractions Measures of length Ratio and proportion</p>		
<u>PERFORMANCE MODES</u>	<u>EXAMPLES</u>	<u>SKILLS/CONCEPTS</u>	
Reading	Standards books, reference books and trade instructional material	Comprehension Sheet size	99

(TASK STATEMENT) SELECT MEDIA TO USE

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS,
OBJECTS ACTED UPON

Erasers
 Pencils
 Pencil sharpener
 Pens
 Drawing paper or poster board
 Tracing paper
 Vellum
 Tracing linen
 Tracing film
 Artype
 Leroy set
 Wrico set
 Varityper
 Various reference books
 Standards books
 Scratch pad

PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE

Check standards book
 Make calculations
 Check on drawing use and by whom
 Check reproduction methods available
KNOWLEDGE
 Pencil lead weights
 Pen types and sizes
 Standard sheet sizes
 Qualities of various materials available
 Lettering techniques
 Optional lettering devices

SAFETY - HAZARD

Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work
 Ground all electrical equipment
 Adequate foot candles of lighting (20 foot candles minimum)
 Be aware of equipment points and edges
 Pounce and erasing powder in eyes

DECISIONS

Decide on media to use

CUES

Select media that allows the drawing to perform its function without sacrificing drawing time, reproduction time and in general company cost

ERRORS

Additional cost to company

(TASK STATEMENT) SELECT MEDIA TO USE

<u>SCIENCE</u>	<u>MATH – NUMBER SYSTEMS</u>
Differences in absorption and radiation of energy between dark rough surfaces and light, smooth, polished surfaces Composition of matter, including protons, neutrons, electrons, atoms, molecules, elements Simple machines used to gain mechanical advantage Effects of friction on work processes and product quality	Locate by approximation rational numbers and integers on the number line (sequential ordering)
	<u>COMMUNICATIONS</u>
<u>PERFORMANCE MODES</u>	<u>EXAMPLES</u>

(TASK STATEMENT) DRAW, DIMENSION AND TOLERANCE DETAILS

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD
Drafting table, drawing board and surface, chair (posture type), light table, T-square, parallel straight edge, triangles (30°-60° and 45°) adjustable triangles, scales, protractors, curves, drafting templates (various), drafting machines, erasing shield, erasers, pencils, pencil sharpener, compass (bow and beam), dividers, pens, inks, erasing powder, pounce, cleaning cloth, tape, drawing paper or poster board, tracing paper, vellum, tracing linen, tracing film, scratch pad, dusting brush, arttype, calculator, adding machine, slide rule, various reference books, standards books, letteroy set, wrico set, varityper, lettering guide	<p>Mount drawing material Layout features and project views with construction lines Darken in views Draw needed dimension extension and leader lines Letter dimensions and tolerances where needed Check work and calculations Submit to checker</p> <p>KNOWLEDGE Available reference and standards books Construction line weights Pencil leads and pen sizes Line work and line weight Proper lettering procedure Various lettering devices Methods of dimensioning Methods of tolerance Clean drawing</p>	<p>Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work</p> <p>Ground all electrical equipment Adequate foot candles of lighting (20 foot candles minimum)</p> <p>Be aware of equipment points and edges</p> <p>Pounce and erasing powder in eyes Lubricants and solvents splashing in eyes</p>
DECISIONS	CUES	<p>Lost time Additional cost to company An inferior product</p> <p>A draftsman should have a sound knowledge of manufacturing process (milling) prior to tolerancing drawings Always check reference books and standards books prior to assigning dimensions and tolerances</p>

ASK STATEMENT

DRAW, DIMENSION AND TOLERANCE DETAILS

SCIENCE**MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS**

Centrifugal forces developed by bodies in rotation
 Centripetal forces developed by bodies in rotation
 [Journal pressure]
 Effects of friction on work processes and product quality
 Simple machines used to gain mechanical advantage
 Differences in absorption and radiation of energy between dark, rough surfaces and light, smooth, polished surfaces
 Composition of matter, including protons, neutrons, electrons, atoms, molecules, elements
 Relationship of force to distortion in an elastic body
 Arrangement of molecules, atoms and ions and the effect on structure and strength of materials
 Resistance of materials to change in shape

Measures of length
 Addition, subtraction, division, and multiplication of whole numbers
 Addition, subtraction, division, and multiplication of proper and improper fractions
 Addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division of decimal fractions
 Measure with the Metric and English system and convert between them
 Given an instrument of measure, determine precision, and/or accuracy with respect to relative error, tolerance, and significant digits (Measuring other than linear, square, and cubic) [Tolerances]
 Ratio and proportion
 Read and interpret charts, tables, and/or graphs
 [Guide for selecting tolerances, cylindrical fits, contour tolerance symbols]

COMMUNICATIONS**PERFORMANCE MODES****EXAMPLES****SKILLS/CONCEPTS**

Reading
 Read trade instructional material, standards books, and machinery handbook

Comprehension, trade vocabulary, and abstracting

Writing
 Write manufacturing notes

Spelling, footnoting, usage, clarity of expression
 Reading technical manuals
 [Standards books]
 [Machinists handbook]
 [Architectural graphic standards]
 Library information
 Classification

(TASK STATEMENT)	DETERMINE THE NEED OF ADDITIONAL VIEWS	
TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, "OBJECTS ACTED UPON	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD
Draftsman's value judgment	<p>Look at drawing closely Determine if all features are shown and indicated properly If not determine what additional views would be necessary</p> <p>Sections Views Details Auxiliaries Other principle views</p> <p>KNOWLEDGE</p> <p>Must be able to recognize when an object has been fully detailed including dimensions Know various additional view methods</p>	<p>Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work</p> <p>Ground all electrical equipment Adequate foot candles of lighting (20 foot candles minimum) Be aware of equipment points and edges Pounce and erasing powder in eyes</p>
	<u>CUES</u>	<u>ERRORS</u>
	<u>DECISIONS</u>	<p>The draftsman's sole responsibility is to show in its entirety the item to be manufactured; many times a draftsman must make additional views to convey the total amount of detail required to make the part</p> <p>Incomplete drawing detail Compounding additional cost Lost time</p>

TASK STATEMENT) DETERMINE THE NEED OF ADDITIONAL VIEWS

SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS	
	Ratio and proportion Measures of length Given a coding system, recognize and identify each unit involved by assigning necessary symbols, numerical or literal [Sectioning symbols]	
COMMUNICATIONS	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
PERFORMANCE MODES	Reading Standards books and reference material	Comprehension Trade terminology

(TASK STATEMENT) PLACE MARGINAL INFORMATION

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD
Drafting table, drawing board and surface, chair (posture type), light tables, T-square, parallel straight edge, triangles (30°-60° and 45°) adjustable triangles, scales, protractors, curves, drafting templates (various), drafting machines, erasing shield, erasers, pencils, pencil sharpener, compass (bow and beam), dividers, pens, inks, erasing powder, pounce, cleaning cloth, tape, drawing paper or poster board, tracing linen, tracing film, scratch pad, dusting brush, arttype, mericode, calculator, adding machine, slide rule, leroy set, varityper, lettering guide, various reference books, standards books, tracing paper	<p>Locate proper area to Place information</p> <p>Construct needed line work</p> <p>Darken in lines</p> <p>Select proper title headings, abbreviations, and terms</p> <p>Letter in marginal information</p> <p>Check work</p> <p>Submit detail drawings to checker</p> <p>KNOWLEDGE</p> <p>Where to place information</p> <p>Line work and line weight</p> <p>Marginal information terminology</p> <p>Proper lettering techniques</p> <p>Various optional lettering devices</p> <p>Available standards book</p>	<p>Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work</p> <p>Ground all electrical equipment</p> <p>Adequate foot candles of lighting (20 foot candles minimum)</p> <p>Be aware of equipment points and edges</p> <p>Pounce and erasing powder in eyes</p>
	<p><u>DECISIONS</u></p> <p>Decide if any marginal information is needed</p> <p>Decide where to place marginal information</p>	<p><u>CUES</u></p> <p>Marginal information must be as accurate as main body of the drawing</p> <p>Never sacrifice neatness in marginal information</p> <p>Readability, appearance</p> <p><u>ERRORS</u></p> <p>Incomplete drawing information or information in a difficult location</p>

(TASK STATEMENT) PLACE MARGINAL INFORMATION

SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS
<p>Simple machines used to gain mechanical advantage Differences in absorption and radiation of energy between dark, rough surfaces and light, smooth, polished surfaces Composition of matter, including protons, neutrons, electrons, atoms, molecules, elements Effects of friction on work processes and product quality</p>	<p>Measures of length Addition and subtraction of whole numbers Multiplication and division with whole numbers Addition and subtraction of proper and improper fractions Multiplication and division of proper and improper fractions Ratio and proportion</p>
COMMUNICATIONS	
<p><u>PERFORMANCE MODES</u></p> <p>Reading Writing</p>	<p><u>EXAMPLES</u></p> <p>Reference books such as the machinery handbook Manufacturing notes, engineering notes, and heat treating information</p>
	<p><u>SKILLS/CONCEPTS</u></p> <p>Library information Comprehension Trade vocabulary Abstracting Spelling Footnoting Usage Clarity of expression</p>

Duty J Drawing Assemblies

- 1 Select type of assembly
- 2 Determine sheet size and part scale
- 3 Select media to use
- 4 Draw and dimension assemblies
- 5 Determine need of additional views or sub-assemblies
- 6 Determine part code
- 7 Shade drawings

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(TASK STATEMENT) SELECT TYPE OF ASSEMBLY

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD
Erasers Pencils Pencil sharpener Various reference books Standards books Calculators Adding machine Slide rule Scratch pad	Check standards books Determine use of drawing Make calculations necessary in selecting the drawing method Make sketches of part by various methods KNOWLEDGE Available standards book Operate calculating equipment Various ways of drawing details [Example: isometric, sectioned orthographic, ecc.] How drawing will be used Who will use drawing	Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work Ground all electrical equipment Adequate foot candles of lighting (20 foot candles minimum) Be aware of equipment points and edges Pumice and erasing powder in eyes
	CUES	ERRORS
	DECISIONS	A print that the assembly group cannot work from The training this group has had in blue print reading In drawing the assemble the draftsman must depict all mating parts in a manner that facilitates the assemble process

(TASK STATEMENT) SELECT TYPE OF ASSEMBLY

<u>SCIENCE</u>	<u>MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS</u>	
	<p>Monetary system Measure of time and speed (Example: time-seconds, minutes, etc.; speed-feet per minute, R.P.M., etc.) [Estimation of time] Measures of length Ratio and proportion</p>	
	<u>COMMUNICATIONS</u>	
<u>PERFORMANCE MODES</u>	<u>EXAMPLES</u>	<u>SKILLS/CONCEPTS</u>
Reading	Trade instructional materials, standards books	Comprehension Trade terminology

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(TASK STATEMENT)	DETERMINE SHEET SIZE AND PART SCALE	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD
TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON			
Erasers Pencils Pencil sharpener Scratch pad Various reference books Standards books Calculator Adding machine Slide rule	Operate calculating equipment Check standards books With dividers, scale, and compass, determine the size of the object to be drawn KNOWLEDGE Drawing sheet sizes Various scales Needed proportions of object to be drawn	Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work Ground all electrical equipment Adequate foot candles of lighting (20 foot candles minimum) Be aware of equipment points and edges Pounce and erasing powder in eyes	
		CUES	ERRORS
		DECISIONS	A poor quality print Difficult to read Loss of shc. time Adding additional cost to the company In selecting the proper scale and sheet size the draftsman should keep in mind what method is being used and be aware that different methods shown properly, require different scales Readability, use of drawing

(TASK STATEMENT)

DETERMINE SHEET SIZE AND PART SCALE

<u>SCIENCE</u>	<u>MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS</u>	<u>COMMUNICATIONS</u>	<u>SKILLS/CONCEPTS</u>
	<p>Addition and subtraction of whole numbers Multiplication and division with whole numbers Addition and subtraction of proper and improper fractions Multiplication and division of proper and improper fractions Multiplication and division of decimal fractions Addition and subtraction of decimal fractions Measures of length Ratio and proportion</p>		<p>Comprehension Trade terminology</p>
		<p><u>PERFORMANCE MODES</u></p> <p>Reading</p>	<p><u>EXAMPLES</u></p> <p>Standards book and trade instructional material</p>

(TASK STATEMENT) SELECT MEDIA TO USE

<u>TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON</u>	<u>PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE</u>	<u>SAFETY - HAZARD</u>	<u>ERRORS</u>
Erasers Pencils Pencil sharpener Pens Drawing paper or poster board Tracing paper Vellum Tracing linen Tracing film Artype Leroy set Wrico set Varityper Various reference books Standards books Scratch pad	Check standards books Make calculations Check on drawings use and by whom Check reproduction methods available <u>KNOWLEDGE</u> Pencil lead weights Pen types and sizes Standard sheet sizes Qualities of various materials available Lettering techniques Optional lettering devices	Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work Ground all electrical equipment Adequate foot candles of lighting (20 foot candles minimum) Be aware of edges and points of equipment Pounce and erasing powder in eyes	Poor print quality resulting in lost time and additional cost
	<u>DECISIONS</u>	<u>CUES</u>	Select medias that allow the drawing to perform its function without sacrificing drawing time, reproduction time and in general, company cost

(TASK STATEMENT) SELECT MEDIA TO USE

<u>SCIENCE</u>	<u>MATH – NUMBER SYSTEMS</u>	<u>COMMUNICATIONS</u>
<p>Simple machines used to gain mechanical advantage Differences in absorption and radiation of energy between dark rough surfaces and light, smooth, polished surfaces</p> <p>Composition of matter, including protons, neutrons, electrons, atoms, molecules, elements</p> <p>Effects of friction on work processes and product quality</p>	<p>Locate by approximation rational numbers and integers on the number line (sequentia; ordering)</p>	
<u>PERFORMANCE MODES</u>	<u>EXAMPLES</u>	<u>SKILLS/CONCEPTS</u>
Reading	Standards book, trade instructional material	Comprehension Trade terminology

(TASK STATEMENT) DRAW AND DIMENSION ASSEMBLIES

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD
Drafting table, drawing board and surface, chair (posture type), light table, T-square, parallel straight edge, triangles (30°- 60° and 45°) adjustable triangles, scales, protractors, curves, drafting templates (various), drafting machines, erasing shield, erasers, pencils, pencil sharpener, compass (bow and beam), dividers, pens, inks, erasing powder, pounce, cleaning cloth, tape, drawing paper or poster board, tracing paper, vellum, tracing linen, tracing film, scratch pad, dusting brush, artype, calculators, adding machines, slide rules, leroy set, wrico set, varityper, lettering guide, various reference books, standards books	<p>Mount drawing Organize individual part layouts Construct all individual detail parts which make up the total assembly</p> <p>Check mating of all parts Darken in views Add needed dimensions Check work</p> <p>KNOWLEDGE</p> <p>Available reference and standards books Construction line weights Pencil leads and pen sizes Line work and line weight Tolerance and sizes of mating parts Critical assembly dimensions Any needed reference dimensions</p>	<p>Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work</p> <p>Ground all electrical equipment Adequate foot candles of lighting (20 foot candles minimum)</p> <p>Be aware of equipment points and edges</p> <p>Lubricants and solvents splashing in eyes Pounce and erasing powder in eyes</p>
<u>DECISIONS</u>	<u>CUES</u>	<u>ERRORS</u>
Determine best part sequence in assembly	Know the proper sequence of mating part assembling Constantly check assembly dimensions Draw assembly by using detail parts as reference, this serves as a double check against any error	Lost time in the assembly process

TASK STATEMENT) DRAW AND DIMENSION ASSEMBLIES

SCIENCE	MATH – NUMBER SYSTEMS	COMMUNICATIONS
<p>Simple machines used to gain mechanical advantage Differences in absorption and radiation of energy between dark, rough surfaces and light, smooth, polished surfaces Composition of matter, including protons, neutrons, electrons, atoms, molecules, elements Effects of friction on work processes and product quality</p>	<p>Measures of length Addition, subtraction, division, and multiplication of whole numbers Addition, subtraction, division, and multiplication of proper and improper fractions Addition, subtraction, division, and multiplication of decimal fractions Measure with the Metric and English system and convert between them Given an instrument of measure, determine precision, and/or accuracy with respect to relative error, tolerance, and significant digits (Measuring other than linear, square, and cubic) [Tolerances] Ratio and proportion Read and interpret charts, tables, and/or graphs [Guide for selecting tolerances, cylindrical fits, contour tolerance symbols]</p>	<p>Comprehension, trade vocabulary, abstracting</p>
PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
<p>Reading Writing</p>	<p>Read reference material such as Machinery's handbook and trade manual Write assembly notes and marginal information</p>	<p>Spelling, footnoting, usage, clarity of expression, technical manuals, library information, classification</p>

(TASK STATEMENT) DETERMINE NEED OF ADDITIONAL VIEWS OR SUB-ASSEMBLIES

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD
Draftsman value judgment	<p>Look closely at assembly Determine if all parts are shown Determine if all fasteners are included Check to see if any important assembly information is obscured by the drawing method used Draw any additional views needed [Views, sections, details, auxiliaries]</p> <p><u>KNOWLEDGE</u> Be able to recognize when an assembly feature is not fully shown Fastener types All parts that make up assembly Various methods of showing additional views</p>	<p>Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work Ground all electrical equipment Adequate foot candles of lighting (20 foot candles minimum) Be aware of equipment points and edges Pounce and erasing powder in eyes</p>
	<p><u>CUES</u></p>	<p><u>ERRORS</u></p> <p>The assembly time will be in excess if the inability to assemble the product results from an incomplete drawing</p>
	<p><u>DECISIONS</u></p>	<p>The purpose of the assembly is to show individuals how to assemble a whole from parts; it is the draftsman's responsibility to insure that this can be done properly from assembly drawing, often additional views are needed</p>

TASK STATEMENT) DETERMINE NEED OF ADDITIONAL VIEWS OR SUB-ASSEMBLIES

SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS
	<p>Ratio and proportion Measures of length Given a coding system, recognize and identify each unit involved by assigning necessary symbols, numerical or literal [Sectional symbols]</p>
COMMUNICATIONS	<p><u>EXAMPLES</u></p> <p>Work orders, work request, standards books and trade manuals</p>
<u>PERFORMANCE MODES</u>	<p><u>SKILLS/CONCEPTS</u></p> <p>Comprehension Trade terminology</p>

(TASK STATEMENT) DETERMINE PART CODE

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD
Pencils Erasers Pencil sharpener Scratch pad Calculator Adding machine Slide rule Various reference books Standards books	<p>Check standards books for company standards</p> <p>Place guidelines or containing lines on drawing</p> <p>Letter in part code</p> <p>Check to insure part code matches detail codes, names or numbers</p> <p>Darken lines</p> <p>Check work</p> <p>KNOWLEDGE</p> <p>Available standard books</p> <p>Pencil leads and pen sizes</p> <p>Line work and line weight</p> <p>Proper lettering practices</p> <p>Various alternate lettering devices</p> <p>Efficient ways of coding assemblies [Example: number, item number, letters, etc.]</p>	<p>Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work</p> <p>Ground all electrical equipment</p> <p>Be aware of equipment points and edges</p> <p>Adequate foot candles of lighting (20 foot candles minimum)</p> <p>Pounce and erasing powder in eyes</p> <p>Lubricants and solvents splashing in eyes</p>
	<p>DECISIONS</p> <p>Determine what method would best show the coding or sequence of assembly</p>	<p>ERRORS</p> <p>Lost time in assembly process</p> <p>CUES</p> <p>A code is not used to facilitate drafting but rather to help those putting the assembly together; if a coding system does not add efficiency to assembly it should not be used</p>

(TASK STATEMENT) DETERMINE PART CODE

SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS	COMMUNICATIONS	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
	<p>Locate by approximation rational numbers and integers on the number line (sequential ordering) Addition and subtraction of whole numbers Multiplication and division with whole numbers</p>		<p>Classification Comprehension Trade terminology Clarity of expression Abstracting Spelling Editing and proofreading</p>

(TASK STATEMENT) SHADE DRAWINGS

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS OBJECTS ACTED UPON	SHADE DRAWINGS	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD
Light table, T-square, parallel straight edge, triangles (30-60 and 45), adjustable triangles, curves, drafting templates (various), drafting machines, erasing shield, erasers, pencils, pencil sharpener, compass (bow and beam), pens, inks, erasing powder, pounce, cleaning cloth, tape, drawing paper or poster board, tracing paper, vellum, tracing linen, tracing film, scratch pad, scissors, standards books, various reference books, pastels, charcoal, paper stump, lettering guide	Determine if shading will contribute to assembly Determine most advantageous light source Shade areas obscured from light Blend intermediate areas Check work KNOWLEDGE Medias used in shading (pastels, pencils, ink, etc.) Perspective or cone of visual rays Curved and oblique surfaces Use of assembly	Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work Ground all electrical equipment Be aware of equipment points and edges Adequate foot candles of lighting (20 foot candles minimum) Pounce and erasing powder in eyes Lubricants and solvents splashing in eyes	
			<u>ERRORS</u>
			<u>CUES</u>
			<u>DECISIONS</u>
			Drawing does not meet the requirements of its usage
			Shading of assembly drawings serve several possible functions , as well as beautifying a drawing it serves to show more pictorially the object as it appears to the eye; it shows the third dimension of depth or a two dimensional drawing

(TASK STATEMENT) SHADE DRAWINGS

SCIENCE	MATH – NUMBER SYSTEMS	COMMUNICATIONS	
<p>Simple machines used to gain mechanical advantage Differences in absorption and radiation of energy between dark, rough surfaces and light, smooth, polished surfaces</p> <p>Composition of matter, including protons, neutrons, electrons, atoms, molecules, elements</p> <p>Effects of friction on work processes and product quality</p>	<p>Locate by approximation rational numbers and integers on the number line (sequential ordering) Ratio and proportion [Relation to light source]</p> <p>Determination of area, perimeter and diagonals of quadrilaterals (4 sided figures)</p> <p>Determination of area, perimeter and diagonals of polygons with more than 4 sides</p>	<p>Work requests, job orders, and trade instruction information</p>	
PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS	
Reading		<p>Comprehension Trade terminology Library information Classification</p>	124

Duty K Checking Drawings

- 1 Supervise group
- 2 Record and assign work to group
- 3 Check work completed by group
- 4 Submit reports to coordinator

(TASK STATEMENT) SUPERVISE GROUP	TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD
	Pencils Pens Pencil sharpener Erasers Scratch pad Calculator Adding machine Slide rule Catalog files Card files Listing file Memorandum sheets Book cases Stapler Gummed reinforcements Staples Staple remover Brass clips Prestings (paper fasteners) Request forms Various reference books	Greet visitors Conduct interviews Write evaluations and recommendations Set example for subordinates Be aware of situations in and around your area KNOWLEDGE Required skills in area Know personnel well enough to evaluate Your influence on others	Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work Place desk to gain advantage of artificial and natural light Adequate foot candles of lighting (20 foot candles minimum) Check constantly all possible safety hazards in area of responsibility
			<u>ERRORS</u>
		<u>CUES</u>	Lack of proper respect from subordinates Inefficiency due to lack of motivation set by supervisor's example
		<u>DECISIONS</u>	Absenteeism, tardiness, and inefficiency on the part of the checker leads to inefficiency in his/her group; have neat and commanding appearance

	SCIENCE	MATH – NUMBER SYSTEMS	
Knowledge of all physical sciences in lesser duties		Knowledge of all math recorded in lesser duties	
		COMMUNICATIONS	
	PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
Speaking	Talking with others about an individual personal problems on occasion if the need arises	Poise Enunciation Persuasion Leadership training Process reports and instructions (oral and informal) Progress reports (oral and informal) Recommendation reports Determining audience level Dictation Clarity of expression	
Writing	Writing evaluations of subordinates	Usage, vocabulary, spelling Comprehension	Reading progress reports

(TASK STATEMENT)	RECORD AND ASSIGN WORK TO GROUP	
TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD
Drafting table Chair (posture type) Erasers Pencils Pencil sharpener Pens Scratch pad Calculator Adding machine Slide rule Card files Listing file Memorandum sheets Storage cabinets Book cases Gummed reinforcements Stapler, staples, staple remover Brass clips Prestungs (paper fasteners) Request forms Various reference books	<p>Record work assigned by coordinator Assign and record work to draftsman Log drawings assign to other areas [Example: reproduction department]</p> <p>Log work checking Sign off on all drawings completed and record</p> <p>Submit completed work to coordinator KNOWLEDGE</p> <p>Status of all jobs assigned to area at all times Good record keeping techniques</p>	<p>Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work</p> <p>Place desk to gain advantage of artificial and natural light Adequate foot candles of lighting (20 foot candles minimum)</p> <p>Check constantly all possible safety hazards in area of responsibility</p>
	<p><u>CUES</u></p> <p>Determine work load, organization</p>	<p><u>ERRORS</u></p> <p>Discontent of some subordinate who may carry the work load</p>

TASK STATEMENT) RECORD AND ASSIGN WORK TO GROUP

<p>SCIENCE</p> <p>MATH – NUMBER SYSTEMS</p>	<p>Knowledge of time estimation Locate by approximation rational numbers and integers on the number line (sequential ordering) Addition and subtraction of whole numbers Multiplication and division with whole numbers Addition and subtraction of decimal fractions Multiplication and division of decimal fractions</p>
<p>COMMUNICATIONS</p>	<p>SKILLS/CONCEPTS</p> <p>Classification Logic Clarity of expression Progress reports Usage Vocabulary Spelling Conciseness</p>
<p>PERFORMANCE MODES</p> <p>Writing</p>	<p>EXAMPLES</p> <p>Create an organization chart which balances the work load by distributing work equally</p>

TASK STATEMENT CHECK WORK COMPLETED BY GROUP

<u>TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON</u>	<u>PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE</u>	<u>SAFETY - HAZARD</u>
Drafting table, drawing board and surface, chair (posture type), light table, T-square, parallel straight edge, triangles (30°-60° and 45°) scales, adjustable triangles, protractors, curves, drafting templates (various), drafting machines, pencils, pencil sharpener, compass (bow and beam), dividers, pens, tape, scratch pad, calculator, adding machine, slide rule, catalog files, memorandum sheets, various reference books, standards books, xerox	<p>Log in work from draftsman Completely check all work done by workers Sign off on drawing Log work out Submit work to coordinator</p> <p><u>KNOWLEDGE</u></p> <p>All drafting standards used by department Marked blueprint reading Good record keeping Good work habits</p>	<p>Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work</p> <p>Place desk to gain advantage of artificial and natural light Adequate foot candles of lighting (20 foot candles minimum) Check constantly all possible safety hazards in area of responsibility</p>
	<u>CUES</u>	<u>ERRORS</u>
	<u>DECISIONS</u>	<p>Checking time should take one-fourth to one-third drawing time if done properly Color Pencil aids to good checking [Red-add, yellow-remove, blue or green -satisfactory]</p> <p>The people doing the work will have a poor opinion of supervisor and department; it will also cost money and waste time if work has to be done again after distribution</p>

(TASK STATEMENT) CHECK WORK COMPLETED BY GROUP

SCIENCE	MATH – NUMBER SYSTEMS
Knowledge of all physical sciences recorded in lesser duties	Knowledge of all math recorded in lesser duties
COMMUNICATIONS	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
PERFORMANCE MODES Reading	EXAMPLES Trade vocabulary Comprehension All marginal information on a drawing, all dimensions and footnotes The work request to insure the job met its requirements

TASK STATEMENT) SUBMIT REPORTS TO COORDINATOR

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	SUMMIT REPORTS TO COORDINATOR	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD
Drafting table Chair (posture type) Erasers Pencils Pencil sharpener Pens Scratch pad Calculator Adding machine Slide rule Card files Listing file Memorandum sheets Storage cabinets Book cases Gummed reinforcements Stapler, staples, staple remover Brass clips Prestungs (paper fasteners) Request forms Various reference books	A checker may be called upon to submit oral and written reports to his/her coordinator both in a formal and informal manner [Example: Efficiency, progress, status, attendance and evaluation etc.] KNOWLEDGE Refer to communications cell	Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work Place desk to gain advantage of artificial and natural light Adequate foot candles of lighting (20 foot candles minimum) Check constantly all possible safety hazards in area of responsibility	
		CUES	ERRORS
		Accurate reports are an indication of an individual's efficiency in supervising a group	If report is not needed, time is lost by the checker and the coordinator

SCIENCE

MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS

Development of graphs comparing two complimentary sets of figures
 Locate by approximation rational numbers and integers on the number line (sequential ordering)
 Addition and subtraction of whole numbers
 Multiplication and division with whole numbers
 Addition and subtraction of decimal fractions
 Multiplication and division of decimal fractions
 Changing percents to fractions and fractions to percents
 Finding a percent of a number and what percent one number is of another

COMMUNICATIONS

PERFORMANCE MODESEXAMPLES

A progress report of drafting group or of job's progress
 Recommend subordinates for advancement
 Recommendation reports (oral, written or informal)
 Process reports and instructions
 Proposal writing
 Spelling
 Determine audience level
 Diction, vocabulary, clarity of expression, usage, conciseness

Writing

Speaking

SKILLS/CONCEPTS

Progress reports (oral, written, or informal)
 Recommendation reports (oral, written or informal)
 Process reports and instructions
 Proposal writing
 Spelling
 Determine audience level
 Diction, vocabulary, clarity of expression, usage, conciseness
 Enunciation
 Poise
 Persuasion
 Logic and organization

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Duty L Co-ordinating Drafting Department

- 1 Supervise drafting department
- 2 Record and assign work to checkers
- 3 Liaison between engineer and draftsman
- 4 Submit reports to higher supervision
- 5 Order and inventory materials and supplies

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(TASK STATEMENT) SUPERVISE DRAFTING DEPARTMENT

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD	ERRORS
<p>Erasers, pencils, pencil sharpener, pens, scratch pad, calculator, adding machine, slide rule, catalog files, card files, listing files, memorandum sheets, book cases, gummed reinforcements, stapler, staples, staple remover, brass clips, prestungs (paper fasteners), request forms, various reference books, standards books, drafting table, chair (posture type)</p>	<p>Greet visitors Conduct interviews Write evaluations and recommendations Set example for subordinates Be aware of situations in and around the drafting department</p> <p>KNOWLEDGE</p> <p>Required skills in area Know personnel well enough to evaluate Influence on others</p>	<p>Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work</p> <p>Place desk to gain advantage of artificial and natural light Adequate foot candles of lighting (20 foot candles minimum) Check constantly all possible safety hazards in area of responsibility</p>	<p>Greatest error is not being able to accept that selection was wrong or that decision was poor and are unwilling or unable to change it</p>
	<p>CUES</p>	<p>Absenteeism, tardiness and inefficiency on the part of the coordinator leads to inefficiency in department</p> <p>Have neat and commanding appearance</p>	<p>DECISIONS</p> <p>Decide on organization structure Adjust structure to meet needs of department</p>

(TASK STATEMENT) SUPERVISE DRAFTING DEPARTMENT

SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS	
Knowledge of all physical sciences recorded in lesser duties	Knowledge of all math recorded in lesser duties	

(TASK STATEMENT) RECORD AND ASSIGN WORK TO CHECKERS

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD
<p>Drafting table Chair (posture type) Erasers Pencil sharpener Pens Scratch pad Calculator Adding machine Slide rule Card files, listing file Memorandum sheets Storage cabinets Book cases Gummied reinforcements Stapler, staples, and staple remover Brass clips Prestungs (paper fasteners) Request forms Various reference books Standards books</p>	<p>Record work from engineer Assign and record work to checker Log drawings assigned to other areas Record and assign off all drawings completed in your area Route completed work back to engineer</p> <p>KNOWLEDGE</p> <p>Know the status of all jobs assigned to your area at all times Good record keeping and techniques</p>	<p>Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work</p> <p>Place desk to gain advantage of artificial and natural lighting Adequate foot candles of lighting (20 foot candles minimum)</p> <p>Check constantly all possible safety hazards in area of responsibility</p>
	<p><u>CUES</u></p> <p>Inefficient record keeping leads to lost time and often lost drawings,</p>	<p><u>ERRORS</u></p> <p>Morale declines when work is not balanced</p>
	<p><u>DECISIONS</u></p> <p>Determine if work load is being distributed equally</p>	

TASK STATEMENT) RECORD AND ASSIGN WORK TO CHECKERS

<p>SCIENCE</p>	<p>MATH – NUMBER SYSTEMS</p>
	<p>Knowledge or time (estimation) Locate by approximation rational numbers and integers on the number line (sequential ordering) Addition and subtraction of whole numbers Multiplication and division with whole numbers Addition and subtraction of decimal fractions Multiplication and division of decimal fractions</p>
	<p>COMMUNICATIONS</p>
<p>PERFORMANCE MODES</p>	<p>EXAMPLES</p> <p>Create organization chart and work flow chart to balance distribution of work equally</p>
	<p>SKILLS/CONCEPTS</p> <p>Classification Logic Clarity of expression Progress reports Usage Vocabulary Conciseness Spelling</p>

(TASK STATEMENT) LIASON BETWEEN ENGINEER AND DRAFTSMAN

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD
<p>Drafting table Chair (posture type) Erasers Pencils Pencil sharpener Pens Scratch pad Calculator Adding machine Slide rule Catalog files and listing file Memorandum sheets Book cases Gummed reinforcements Stapler, staples, staple remover Brass clips Prestungs (paper fasteners) Request forms Various reference books Standards books Storage cabinets</p>	<p>One of the primary functions of the coordinator is to serve as liaison between the draftsman and the engineer; included in this task would be interpreting engineering data and reporting the drawing status to the engineer, etc.</p> <p>KNOWLEDGE</p> <p>See communications cell</p>	<p>Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work</p> <p>Place desk to gain advantage of artificial and natural lighting</p> <p>Adequate foot candles of lighting (20 foot candles minimum)</p> <p>Check constantly all possible safety hazards in area of responsibility</p>
	<p>CUES</p>	<p>Do not interfere when not needed, give draftsman some authority along with his/her job responsibility</p>
	<p>DECISIONS</p>	<p>The ability to adjust to various levels of communication is essential</p>

TASK STATEMENT) LIASON BETWEEN ENGINEER AND DRAFTSMAN

<p>SCIENCE</p> <p>Knowledge of all physical sciences used by lesser drafting duties and some knowledge of physical science used by the engineering profession</p>	<p>MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS</p> <p>Knowledge of all math used by lesser drafting duties and some knowledge of math used by the engineering profession</p>											
<p>COMMUNICATIONS</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;"><u>PERFORMANCE MODES</u></th> <th style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;"><u>EXAMPLES</u></th> <th style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;"><u>SKILLS/CONCEPTS</u></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">Speaking</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">Communication with engineer and draftsman</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">Trade terminology Public speaking [Poise, enunciation, persuasion, usage, diction]</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">Writing</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">Communication with engineer and draftsman</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">Composition [Diction and connotative words (tact)] Clarity of expression Organization Verbal reports Details and inference</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">Reading</td> <td style="padding: 2px;"></td> <td style="padding: 2px;">Logic, spelling, usage Conciseness Comprehension</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	<u>PERFORMANCE MODES</u>	<u>EXAMPLES</u>	<u>SKILLS/CONCEPTS</u>	Speaking	Communication with engineer and draftsman	Trade terminology Public speaking [Poise, enunciation, persuasion, usage, diction]	Writing	Communication with engineer and draftsman	Composition [Diction and connotative words (tact)] Clarity of expression Organization Verbal reports Details and inference	Reading		Logic, spelling, usage Conciseness Comprehension
<u>PERFORMANCE MODES</u>	<u>EXAMPLES</u>	<u>SKILLS/CONCEPTS</u>										
Speaking	Communication with engineer and draftsman	Trade terminology Public speaking [Poise, enunciation, persuasion, usage, diction]										
Writing	Communication with engineer and draftsman	Composition [Diction and connotative words (tact)] Clarity of expression Organization Verbal reports Details and inference										
Reading		Logic, spelling, usage Conciseness Comprehension										

(TASK STATEMENT) SUBMIT REPORTS TO HIGHER SUPERVISION

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD
Drafting table Chair (posture type) Erasers Pencils Pencil sharpener Pens Scratch pad Calculator Adding machine Slide rule Xerox Memorandum sheets Storage cabinets Book cases Gummed reinforcements Stapler, staples, staple remover Brass clips Prestings (paper fasteners) Request forms Various reference books Standards books	A coordinator may be called upon to submit oral and written reports to higher supervision both in a formal and informal manner [Example: efficiency, progress status, attendance and evaluation, etc.] KNOWLEDGE Refer to communications cell	Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work Place desk to gain advantage of artificial and natural light Adequate foot candles of lighting (20 foot candles minimum) Check constantly all possible safety hazards in area of responsibility
	<u>CUES</u>	<u>ERRORS</u>
	<u>DECISIONS</u>	Wasted time by self and supervisor if report is not necessary

(TASK STATEMENT)

SUBMIT REPORTS TO HIGHER SUPERVISION

SCIENCE

MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS

Development of graphs comparing two complimentary sets of figures
Locate by approximation rational numbers and integers on the number line (sequential ordering)
Addition and subtraction of whole numbers
Multiplication and division with whole numbers
Addition and subtraction of decimal fractions
Multiplication and division of decimal fractions
Changing percents to fractions and fractions to percents
Finding a percent of a number and what percent one number is of another

COMMUNICATIONS

PERFORMANCE MODES

Reading
Writing

EXAMPLES

Read reports by subordinate
Write reports to higher supervisors such as progress reports, recommendation reports, etc.

SKILLS/CONCEPTS

Progress reports (formal)
Recommendation reports (formal)
Process reports and instructions
Proposal writing
Spelling
Determine audience level
Dictation and vocabulary
Clarity of expression, usage
Conciseness, enunciation
Poise
Persuasion
Logic
Organization

(TASK STATEMENT) ORDER AND INVENTORY MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	PERFORMANCE KNOWLEDGE	SAFETY - HAZARD ERRORS
Drafting table Standards books Chair (posture type) Pencils Various reference books Erasers Pencil sharpener Pens Scratch pad Xerox Calculator Adding machine Slide rule Catalog files, listing file Card files Memorandum sheets Storage cabinets Book cases Gummmed reinforcements Stapler, staples, staple remover Brass clips Prestungs (paper fasteners) Request forms	Check with sub-ordinates to determine their needs Keep a running inventory Create list of suppliers Fill out requisitions Check in all incoming supplies and invoices Make check out and use charts and cards on all consumable materials and supplies KNOWLEDGE Of files Bookkeeping skills Of all materials and supplies in your department Of all suppliers Of most common breakdown areas and order ahead	Safety awareness is important because a draftsman is often required to work in shops or on job sites where numerous safety hazards exist during any phase of his/her work Place desk to gain advantage of artificial and natural light Adequate foot candles of lighting (20 foot candles minimum) Check constantly all possible safety hazards in your area of responsibility
		CUES Do not wait until you are out of supplies to order Use suppliers that service their equipment and ones that take an interest in your needs

TASK STATEMENT) ORDER AND INVENTORY MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES

<u>TASK STATEMENT</u>	<u>SCIENCE</u>	<u>MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS</u>	<u>COMMUNICATIONS</u>
		<p>Locate by approximation rational numbers and integers on the number line (sequential ordering)</p> <p>Addition and subtraction of whole numbers</p> <p>Multiplication and division with whole numbers</p> <p>Addition and subtraction of decimal fractions</p> <p>Multiplication and division of decimal fractions</p> <p>Addition and subtraction of proper and improper fractions</p> <p>Multiplication and division of proper and improper fractions</p> <p>Liquid and dry measures</p> <p>Measures of length and weight</p> <p>Given a coding system, recognize and identify each unit involved by assigning necessary symbols, numerical or literal</p> <p>Read and interpret charts, tables, and/or graphs</p>	<p><u>EXAMPLES</u></p> <p>Supply catalogs, specifications, standards books</p> <p>Telephone communications</p>
		<p><u>PERFORMANCE MODES</u></p> <p>Reading</p> <p>Writing</p> <p>Speaking</p>	<p><u>SKILLS/CONCEPTS</u></p> <p>Trade terminology, comprehension</p> <p>Penmanship</p> <p>Organization and classification</p> <p>Content</p> <p>Letter of inquiry</p> <p>Order letter</p> <p>Letter of adjustment</p> <p>Business letter format</p> <p>Clarity of expression</p> <p>Usage</p>